

1986 events in history

1986 Events in History: A Critical Analysis and Their Enduring Impact

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Abstract: This analysis examines significant events of 1986, exploring their individual and interconnected impacts on contemporary global politics, technology, and social movements. From the Chernobyl disaster and the Challenger explosion to the People Power Revolution in the Philippines and the escalating anti-apartheid movement, 1986 served as a pivotal year, shaping many of the trends we observe today. We will critically assess the long-term consequences of these events, highlighting their continuing relevance in understanding the world we inhabit.

1. The Chernobyl Disaster: A Turning Point in Nuclear Safety and Public Perception

The Chernobyl disaster, occurring on April 26th, 1986, remains one of the most significant 1986 events in history. The catastrophic nuclear accident highlighted the inherent risks associated with nuclear power generation and exposed the shortcomings of Soviet-era safety regulations and transparency. The immediate impact was devastating, causing widespread contamination and displacement. However, the long-term effects of the 1986 Chernobyl disaster continue to resonate today. It spurred international collaborations on nuclear safety and led to stricter regulations globally. The disaster also profoundly impacted public perception of nuclear power, contributing to the decline in its popularity in many countries. The legacy of Chernobyl is evident in ongoing health issues for those affected and the persistent

challenge of environmental remediation, underscoring the lasting consequences of this pivotal 1986 event. The disaster's impact on environmental activism and regulations is still felt today, influencing policies around nuclear waste disposal and emergency response protocols.

2. The Challenger Space Shuttle Disaster: A Blow to the Space Race and Technological Hubris

The Challenger explosion on January 28th, 1986, represents another crucial entry in the list of significant 1986 events in history. This tragic event, which claimed the lives of seven astronauts, marked a major setback for the US space program. The investigation revealed critical failures in NASA's safety procedures and a culture that prioritized speed and ambition over rigorous risk assessment. The Challenger disaster impacted not only the space race but also the public's trust in technological advancements. The event prompted a period of reevaluation and reform within NASA, ultimately leading to improved safety protocols and a more cautious approach to space exploration. The disaster serves as a cautionary tale about the risks of technological hubris and the importance of rigorous safety standards, lessons that remain critical in today's rapidly advancing technological landscape. The echoes of the Challenger disaster are heard in current debates surrounding space exploration safety and the ethical considerations of ambitious technological projects.

3. The Philippine People Power Revolution: A Triumph of Non-violent Resistance

The People Power Revolution, which unfolded in the Philippines from February 22nd to 25th, 1986, stands as a remarkable example of successful non-violent resistance. This pivotal moment in 1986 events in history saw the overthrow of the authoritarian regime of Ferdinand Marcos through a wave of peaceful protests and civil disobedience. The revolution's impact extended far beyond the Philippines, inspiring pro-democracy movements across the globe and demonstrating the power of people's collective action to bring about significant political change. The lasting legacy of this 1986 event can be seen in the rise of non-violent resistance strategies in other parts of the world and the continued importance of citizen engagement in democratic governance. The People Power Revolution's influence on contemporary democratic movements is undeniable, serving as a testament to the effectiveness of non-violent methods in achieving political change.

4. The Anti-Apartheid Movement Gains Momentum: A Global Effort Towards Racial Justice

1986 witnessed a significant escalation in the global anti-apartheid movement. International sanctions against South Africa intensified, and increasing international pressure put immense strain on the apartheid regime.

This growing global condemnation, fueled by the activism of numerous organizations and individuals, played a vital role in the eventual dismantling of apartheid. The events of 1986 in this context laid the groundwork for the significant changes that would come in the following years, demonstrating the power of sustained global activism in addressing issues of racial injustice. The success of the anti-apartheid movement offers a compelling case study in effective international cooperation and the power of sustained advocacy in bringing about profound social change. The struggles and victories of the anti-apartheid movement continue to inspire contemporary movements fighting against systemic racism and discrimination.

5. Other Significant Events of 1986: A Broader Perspective

Beyond the four major events discussed above, 1986 saw other significant occurrences impacting the global landscape. These include the ongoing Iran-Iraq War, escalating tensions in the Cold War, and various social and economic shifts across the globe. Examining these events within the broader context of 1986 events in history provides a more complete understanding of the complexities of the time and their lasting consequences. This holistic perspective is essential for accurate historical analysis and contextualizing the interconnected nature of global events. The year 1986 served as a microcosm of the global political, social, and technological landscape, demonstrating the interplay of various factors influencing the current state of affairs.

Conclusion

The year 1986 stands as a pivotal year in recent history. The events of 1986, from technological disasters to political revolutions and the ongoing struggle for social justice, left an indelible mark on the world. Analyzing these events critically is essential to understanding the current global landscape, highlighting the enduring legacy of 1986 events in history and their continuing influence on contemporary trends. Understanding the past informs our present and shapes our future. The lessons learned from the triumphs and tragedies of 1986 remain relevant and crucial to navigating the complexities of the modern world.

FAQs

1. What was the most significant event of 1986? There is no single "most significant" event, as the impact of each—Chernobyl, Challenger, People Power, and the anti-apartheid movement—was profound and far-reaching, impacting different aspects of global society.

1. How did the 1986 events influence current nuclear safety regulations? The Chernobyl disaster led to stricter international regulations, improved safety protocols, and increased transparency in the nuclear industry globally.
1. What was the lasting impact of the Challenger disaster on the space program? The Challenger disaster resulted in improved safety procedures, a more cautious approach to space exploration, and a greater emphasis on risk assessment.
1. How did the People Power Revolution influence contemporary democratic movements? It demonstrated the power of non-violent resistance, inspiring similar movements around the world and highlighting the importance of citizen participation in democratic processes.
1. What role did 1986 play in ending apartheid in South Africa? 1986 saw increased international pressure and sanctions, accelerating the momentum of the anti-apartheid movement and contributing to the eventual dismantling of the apartheid regime.
1. Did the events of 1986 have any interconnectedness? Yes, the events of 1986 were interconnected in various ways. For example, the Chernobyl disaster highlighted the importance of transparency and accountability, a theme also central to the anti-apartheid movement and the demand for democratic reform in the Philippines.
1. How are the lessons from 1986 relevant today? The lessons concerning safety protocols, the power of non-violent resistance, the importance of transparency and accountability, and the need for international cooperation remain highly relevant in contemporary society.
1. What are some resources for further research on 1986 events in history? Numerous academic journals, books, documentaries, and online archives offer detailed information on the events of 1986.

1. How did the events of 1986 shape the global political landscape? The events of 1986 significantly impacted the global political landscape, fostering a move towards greater democratization in some regions, increasing international cooperation on specific issues (like nuclear safety), and highlighting the limitations of authoritarianism.

Related Articles:

1. "The Chernobyl Legacy: Ongoing Health and Environmental Impacts": Explores the long-term health and environmental consequences of the Chernobyl disaster and ongoing remediation efforts.
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1. "1986: A Year of Global Transformation": A broader overview of the significant events of 1986, connecting the events and their shared themes.

1986 events in history: Encyclopaedia Britannica Hugh Chisholm, 1910 This eleventh edition was developed during the encyclopaedia's transition from a British to an American publication. Some of its articles were written by the best-known scholars of the time and it is considered to be a landmark encyclopaedia for scholarship and literary style.

1986 events in history: Great Events from History II. Frank Northen Magill, 1992 This reference resource presents entirely original articles, treating twentieth century events never before covered. The current five volumes of Human Rights address 462 topics in the history of human rights, both instances of human rights denial and human rights advances.--Page v of Publisher's note.

1986 events in history: Great Events from History: 1956-1996 Frank Northen Magill, 1997

1986 events in history: End of History and the Last Man Francis Fukuyama, 2006-03-01 Ever since its first publication in 1992, the New York Times bestselling *The End of History and the Last Man* has provoked controversy and debate. Profoundly realistic and important...supremely timely and cogent...the first book to fully fathom the depth and range of the changes now sweeping through the world. —The Washington Post Book World Francis Fukuyama's prescient analysis of religious fundamentalism, politics, scientific progress, ethical codes, and war is as essential for a world fighting fundamentalist terrorists as it was for the end of the Cold War. Now updated with a new afterword, *The End of History and the Last Man* is a modern classic.

1986 events in history: 50 Events That Shaped Latino History [2 volumes] Lilia Fernández, 2018-03-22 Which historical events were key to shaping Latino culture? This book provides coverage of the 50 most pivotal developments over 500 years that have shaped the Latino experience, offering primary sources, biographies of notable figures, and suggested readings for inquiry. Latinos—people of European, Indigenous, and African descent—have had a presence in North America long before the first British settlements arrived to the Eastern seaboard. The encounters between Spanish colonizers and the native peoples of the Americas initiated 500 years of a rich and vibrant history—an intermingled, cultural evolution that continues today in the 21st century. *50 Events that Shaped Latino History: An Encyclopedia of the American Mosaic* is a valuable reference that provides a chronological overview of Latino/a history beginning with the

indigenous populations of the Americas through the present day. It is divided into time period, such as Pre-Colonial Era to Spanish Empire, pre-1521-1810, and covers a variety of themes relevant to the time period, making it easy for the reader find information. The coverage offers readers background on critical events that have shaped Latino/a populations, revealed the conditions and experiences of Latinos, or highlighted their contributions to U.S. society. The text addresses events as varied as the U.S.-Mexican War to the rise of Latin jazz. The entries present a balance of political and cultural events, social developments, legal cases, and broader trends. Each entry has a chronology, a main narrative, biographies of notable figures, and suggested further readings, as well as one or more primary sources that offer additional context or information on the given event. These primary source materials offer readers additional insight via a first-hand account, original voices, or direct evidence on the subject matter.

1986 events in history: Major Events in the History of Life J. William Schopf, 1992 Major Events in the History of Life, present six chapters that summarize our understanding of crucial events that shaped the development of the earth's environment and the course of biological evolution over some four billion years of geological time. The subjects are covered by acknowledged leaders in their fields span an enormous sweep of biologic history, from the formation of planet Earth and the origin of living systems to our earliest records of human activity. Several chapters present new data and new syntheses, or summarized results of new types of analysis, material not usually available in current college textbooks.

1986 events in history: Routledge Handbook of Major Events in Economic History Randall E. Parker, Robert M. Whaples, 2013-02-11 The Handbook of Major Events in Economic History aims to introduce readers to the important macroeconomic events of the past two hundred years. The chapters endeavour to explain what went on and why during the most significant economic epochs of the nineteenth, twentieth and early twenty-first centuries and how where we are today fits in this historical timeline. Its short chapters reflect the most up-to-date research and are written by well-known economists who are authorities on their subjects. The Handbook of Major Events in Economic History was written with the intent of presenting the professional consensus in explaining the economics driving these historical events.

1986 events in history: Great Events from History Lillian Faderman, 2007 Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual, Transgender Events selects events that help to mark the definition of gender, the emergence of social, cultural, and political movements, and the struggles to gain civil rights. In some cases, one event represents and offers discussion of many. For example, the article on Illinois becoming the first state to abolish its laws against consensual homosexual acts in 1961 also discusses the effect of this action on other states. In particular, essays also include see also cross-references to related articles within the set.

1986 events in history: To Infinity and Beyond! Karen Paik, 2015-11-03 In 1986, gifted animator John Lasseter, technology guru Ed Catmull, and visionary Steve Jobs founded Pixar Animation Studios. Their goal: create a computer animated feature, despite predictions that it could never be done. An unprecedented catalog of blockbuster films later, the studio is honoring its history in this deluxe volume. From its fledgling days under George Lucas to ten demanding years creating Toy Story to the merger with Disney, each milestone is vibrantly detailed. Interviews with Pixar directors, producers, animators, voice talent, and industry insiders, as well as concept art, storyboards, and snapshots illuminate a history that is both definitive and enthralling.

1986 events in history: Chernobyl Serhii Plokhyy, 2018-05-15 A Chernobyl survivor and the New York Times bestselling author of *The Gates of Europe* mercilessly chronicles the absurdities of the Soviet system in this vividly empathetic account of the worst nuclear accident in history (Wall Street Journal). On the morning of April 26, 1986, Europe witnessed the worst nuclear disaster in history: the explosion of a reactor at the Chernobyl Nuclear Power Plant in Soviet Ukraine. Dozens died of radiation poisoning, fallout contaminated half the continent, and thousands fell ill. In Chernobyl, Serhii Plokhyy draws on new sources to tell the dramatic stories of the firefighters, scientists, and soldiers who heroically extinguished the nuclear inferno. He lays bare the flaws of the

Soviet nuclear industry, tracing the disaster to the authoritarian character of the Communist party rule, the regime's control over scientific information, and its emphasis on economic development over all else. Today, the risk of another Chernobyl looms in the mismanagement of nuclear power in the developing world. A moving and definitive account, Chernobyl is also an urgent call to action.

1986 events in history: The Challenger Launch Decision Diane Vaughan, 1996 List of Figures and Tables Preface 1: The Eve of the Launch 2: Learning Culture, Revising History 3: Risk, Work Group Culture, and the Normalization of Deviance 4: The Normalization of Deviance, 1981-1984 5: The Normalization of Deviance, 1985 6: The Culture of Production 7: Structural Secrecy 8: The Eve of the Launch Revisited 9: Conformity and Tragedy 10: Lessons Learned Appendix A. Cost/Safety Trade-Offs? Scrapping the Escape Rockets and the SRB Contract Award Decision Appendix B. Supporting Charts and Documents Appendix C. On Theory Elaboration, Organizations, and Historical Ethnography Acknowledgments Notes Bibliography Index Copyright © Libri GmbH. All rights reserved.

1986 events in history: Great Events from History II.: 1985-1994 Frank Northen Magill, 1995

1986 events in history: White Love and Other Events in Filipino History Vicente L. Rafael, 2014-06-18 In this wide-ranging cultural and political history of Filipinos and the Philippines, Vicente L. Rafael examines the period from the onset of U.S. colonialism in 1898 to the emergence of a Filipino diaspora in the 1990s. Self-consciously adopting the essay form as a method with which to disrupt epic conceptions of Filipino history, Rafael treats in a condensed and concise manner clusters of historical detail and reflections that do not easily fit into a larger whole. *White Love and Other Events in Filipino History* is thus a view of nationalism as an unstable production, as Rafael reveals how, under what circumstances, and with what effects the concept of the nation has been produced and deployed in the Philippines. With a focus on the contradictions and ironies that suffuse Filipino history, Rafael delineates the multiple ways that colonialism has both inhabited and enabled the nationalist discourse of the present. His topics range from the colonial census of 1903-1905, in which a racialized imperial order imposed by the United States came into contact with an emergent revolutionary nationalism, to the pleasures and anxieties of nationalist identification as evinced in the rise of the Marcos regime. Other essays examine aspects of colonial domesticity through the writings of white women during the first decade of U.S. rule; the uses of photography in ethnology, war, and portraiture; the circulation of rumor during the Japanese occupation of Manila; the reproduction of a hierarchy of languages in popular culture; and the spectral presence of diasporic Filipino communities within the nation-state. A critique of both U.S. imperialism and Filipino nationalism, *White Love and Other Events in Filipino History* creates a sense of epistemological vertigo in the face of former attempts to comprehend and master Filipino identity. This volume should become a valuable work for those interested in Southeast Asian studies, Asian-American studies, postcolonial studies, and cultural studies.

1986 events in history: The Future of Public Health Committee for the Study of the Future of Public Health, Division of Health Care Services, Institute of Medicine, 1988-01-15 The Nation has lost sight of its public health goals and has allowed the system of public health to fall into 'disarray', from *The Future of Public Health*. This startling book contains proposals for ensuring that public health service programs are efficient and effective enough to deal not only with the topics of today, but also with those of tomorrow. In addition, the authors make recommendations for core functions in public health assessment, policy development, and service assurances, and identify the level of government—federal, state, and local—at which these functions would best be handled.

1986 events in history: Incredible Projects Using 3D Printing Joe Greek, 2014-12-15 Though they may sound like something out of science fiction, 3-D printers are not only real but also increasingly common. Popular with both the Maker Movement and businesses, the 3-D printer has multiple uses. It's great for making prototypes and creating cool projects. Some experts even believe that additive manufacturing—or 3-D printing on the industrial level—is the wave of the future. Readers will learn about a variety of 3-D printing methods, weigh the pros and cons of 3-D printing,

and discover 3-D printing's applications in fields as diverse as fashion, food, and medicine.

1986 events in history: Report of the Presidential Commission on the Space Shuttle Challenger Accident DIANE Publishing Company, Southgate Publishers, 1995-07

1986 events in history: *Encyclopedia of New Religious Movements* Peter Clarke, 2004-03-01 New Religious Movements (NRMs) can involve vast numbers of followers and in many cases are radically changing the way people understand and practice religion and spirituality. Moreover, many are having a profound impact on the form and content of mainstream religion. The Encyclopedia of New Religious Movements provides uniquely global coverage of the phenomenon, with entries on over three-hundred movement from almost every country in the world. Coverage includes movements that derive from the major religions of the world and to neo-traditional movements, movements often overlooked in the study of NRMs. In addition to the coverage of particular movements there are also entries on topics, themes, key thinkers and key ideas, for example the New Age Movement, Neo-Paganism, New Religion and gender, NRMs and cyberspace, NRMs and the law, the Anti-Cult Movement, Swedenborg, Jung, Teilhard de Chardin, Lovelock, Gurdjieff, al-Banna, Qutb. The marked global approach and comprehensiveness of the encyclopedia enable an appreciation of the innovative energy of NRMs, of their extraordinary diversity, and the often surprising ways in which they can propagate geographically. The most ambitious publication of its sort, the Encyclopedia of New Religious Movements is a major addition to the reference literature for students and researchers of the field in religious studies and the social sciences. Entries are cross-referenced with short bibliographies for further reading. There is a full index.

1986 events in history: *Sweetness and Power* Sidney W. Mintz, 1986-08-05 A fascinating persuasive history of how sugar has shaped the world, from European colonies to our modern diets. In this eye-opening study, Sidney Mintz shows how Europeans and Americans transformed sugar from a rare foreign luxury to a commonplace necessity of modern life, and how it changed the history of capitalism and industry. He discusses the production and consumption of sugar, and reveals how closely interwoven are sugar's origins as a slave crop grown in Europe's tropical colonies with its use first as an extravagant luxury for the aristocracy, then as a staple of the diet of the new industrial proletariat. Finally, he considers how sugar has altered work patterns, eating habits, and our diet in modern times. Like sugar, Mintz is persuasive, and his detailed history is a real treat. -San Francisco Chronicle

1986 events in history: *25 Events That Shaped Asian American History* Lan Dong, 2019-03-22 This book provides detailed and engaging narratives about 25 pivotal events in Asian American history, celebrates Asian Americans' contributions to U.S. history, and examines the ways their experiences have shaped American culture. Asian Americans have made significant contributions to American history, society, and culture. This book presents key events in the Asian American experience through 25 well-developed, accessible essays; detailed timelines; biographies of notable figures; excerpts of primary source documents; and sidebars and images that provide narrative and visual information on high-interest topics. Arranged chronologically, the 25 essays showcase the ways in which Asian Americans have contributed to U.S. history and culture and bear witness to their struggles, activism, and accomplishments. The book offers a unique look at the Asian American experience, from the California Gold Rush in the mid-nineteenth century to the 2017 travel ban. Highlighting events with national and international significance, such as the Central Pacific Railroad Construction, Korean War, and 9/11, it documents the Asian American experience and demonstrates Asian Americans' impact on American life.

1986 events in history: *The Harmon Memorial Lectures in Military History, 1959-1987: A Collection of the First Thirty Harmon Lectures Given at the United States Air Force Academy*,

1986 events in history: *50 Events That Shaped African American History [2 volumes]* Jamie J. Wilson, 2019-09-19 This two-volume work celebrates 50 notable achievements of African Americans, highlighting black contributions to U.S. history and examining the ways black accomplishments shaped American culture. This two-volume encyclopedia offers a unique look at the African American experience, from the arrival of the first 20 Africans at Jamestown through the launch of the Black

Lives Matter movement and the Ferguson Protests. It illustrates subjects such as the Jim Crow period, the Brown v. Board of Education case that overturned segregation, Jackie Robinson's landmark integration of major league baseball, and the election of Barack Obama as president of the United States. Drawing from almost 400 years of U.S. history, the work documents the experiences and impact of black people on every aspect of American life. Presented chronologically, the selected events each include at least one primary source to provide the reader with a first-person perspective. These range from excerpts of speeches given by famous African American figures, to programs from the March on Washington. The remarkable stories collected here bear witness to the strength of a group of people who chose to survive and found ways to work collectively to force America to live up to the promise of its founding.

1986 events in history: 50 Events That Shaped American Indian History [2 volumes]

Donna Martinez, Jennifer L. Williams Bordeaux, 2016-12-05 This powerful two-volume set provides an insider's perspective on American Indian experiences through engaging narrative entries about key historical events written by leading scholars in American Indian history as well as inspiring first-person accounts from American Indian peoples. This comprehensive, two-volume resource on American Indian history covers events from the time of ancient Indian civilizations in North America to recent happenings in American Indian life in the 21st century, providing readers with an understanding of not only what happened to shape the American Indian experience but also how these events—some of which occurred long ago—continue to affect people's lives today. The first section of the book focuses on history in the pre-European contact period, documenting the tens of thousands of years that American Indians have resided on the continent in ancient civilizations, in contrast with the very short history of a few hundred years following contact with Europeans—during which time tremendous changes to American Indian culture occurred. The event coverage continues chronologically, addressing the early Colonial period and beginning of trade with Europeans and the consequential destruction of native economies, to the period of Western expansion and Indian removal in the 1800s, to events of forced assimilation and later self-determination in the 20th century and beyond. Readers will appreciate how American Indians continue to live rich cultural, social, and religious lives thanks to the activism of communities, organizations, and individuals, and perceive how their inspiring collective story of self-determination and sovereignty is far from over.

1986 events in history: The 100 Most Important Sporting Events in American History Lew

Freedman, 2015-11-12 This engaging and informative work highlights the 100 biggest moments in the history of American sports, illustrating powerful connections between sporting events and significant social issues of the time. In this homage to sports history, author Lew Freedman compiles athletic feats that caught fans off guard, inspired awe, and left viewers on the edge of their seats, all while making an impression on the world at large. Freedman ranks 100 of the greatest moments in sports, reflecting on the dramatic impact of the events as well as their greater influence on American society of the time. The work showcases the social, historical, and cultural background of memorable games, teams, and athletes, highlighting the enduring value and importance of each selection. An introduction discusses the history of sports and explains the criteria for choosing the 100 sporting events in the book. Fascinating, little-known facts punctuate entries, such as how the athletic accomplishments of Jackie Robinson and Joe Louis helped ease racial tensions in the United States; why the passage of Title IX changed gender relations in the United States forever; and which technologies have altered the way Americans view sport. Content also traces the tremendous advancements of safety gear in sports, from the batting helmet and catchers' shin guards in baseball, to the hardshell helmet and face guard in football, to the face mask for goalies in hockey.

1986 events in history: *Global Events and Event Stratigraphy in the Phanerozoic* Otto H.

Walliser, 2012-12-06 The existence of rapid and even catastrophic turnovers within the Phanerozoic ecosystems has been discussed controversially for more than 170 years. Since 1980 this discussion has become even more intensive after the hypothesis of Alvarez, explaining the end-Cretaceous mass extinction as the result of a huge asteroid impact on the Earth. This theory stimulated several

thousand papers and is still controversial. The international research programme on Global Biological Events in Earth History attempts to bring the discussion back to the facts by using multidisciplinary investigations of the major Phanerozoic events. The results of an international group of experts are presented giving a wealth of information and a thorough discussion of the causes of the various global events.

1986 events in history: The New Zealand Wars and the Victorian Interpretation of Racial Conflict James Belich, 2013-10-01 The New Zealand Wars is a powerful revisionist history. Revealing the enormous tactical and military skill of Maori, and the inability of the 'Victorian interpretation of racial conflict' to acknowledge those qualities, this account of the New Zealand Wars changed how the country's history was understood. Belich undertakes a complete reinterpretation of the crucial episode in New Zealand history and the result is a very different picture from the one previously given in historical works. Maori, in this new view, won the Northern War and stalemated the British in the Taranaki War of 1860-61 only to be defeated by 18,000 British troops in the Waikato War of 1863-64. The secret of effective Maori resistance was an innovative military system, the modern pa, a trench-and-bunker fortification of a sophistication not achieved in Europe until 1915. According to the author: 'The degree of Maori success in all four major wars is still underestimated - even to the point where, in the case of one war, the wrong side is said to have won.' Here, Belich sets out to show how historical distortions have arisen over time and revises our understanding of New Zealand history by using fresh evidence and a systematic re-analysis of old evidence.

1986 events in history: **Short of War** A. Timothy Warnock, 2000-08

1986 events in history: The Archaeology of Events Zackary I. Gilmore, Jason M. O'Donoghue, 2015-03-31 These perspectives are applied to a broad range of archeological contexts stretching across the Southeast and spanning more than 7,000 years of the region's pre-Columbian history. New data suggest that several of this region's most pivotal historical developments, such as the founding of Cahokia, the transformation of Moundville from urban center to vacated necropolis, and the construction of Poverty Point's Mound A, were not protracted incremental processes, but rather watershed moments that significantly altered the long-term trajectories of indigenous Southeastern societies. In addition to exceptional occurrences that impacted entire communities or peoples, Southeastern archaeologists are increasingly recognizing the historical importance of localized, everyday events, such as building a house, crafting a pot, or depositing shell.

1986 events in history: **Great Events from History II.: 1937-1960** Frank Northern Magill, 1992 This reference resource presents entirely original articles, treating twentieth century events never before covered. The current five volumes of Human Rights address 462 topics in the history of human rights, both instances of human rights denial and human rights advances.--From page v of Publisher's note.

1986 events in history: Seismicity of the United States, 1568-1989 (revised) Carl W Stover, Jerry L Coffman, 1992

1986 events in history: *Material Conflicts* Neil Jarman, 2020-08-04 The deep and abiding sectarian divide splintering Northern Ireland has been the focus of considerable attention recently. In particular, the role parades and visual displays play in underscoring opposition has come into the spotlight with the emergence of heightened tensions, close on the heels of a tentative peace. Providing penetrating insights into the historical roots of Northern Ireland's ethnic hostilities, this timely book explores the role of images and material culture in shaping present attitudes. Ritual, identity, class and memory are shown to be potent forces informing trenchant animosities -- animosities which are visually reflected in banners and murals for unionists and nationalists alike. The pivotal role of the Twelfth of July parade in Belfast, when an estimated 100,000 either parade or watch the Orangemen, is highlighted. Anyone interested in the future of Northern Ireland and concerned about escalating conflict across the globe will warmly welcome this impressive study.

1986 events in history: Annals of Theoretical Psychology Paul Van Geert, Leendert P. Mos, 2013-11-11 This is the first of a two-volume work in the Annals series devoted to developmental psychology. The project was originally conceived in 1985 when Paul van Geert, who had just

completed his Theory building in developmental psychology (North Holland, 1986), agreed to collaborate on an *Annals* volume examining foundational issues pertaining to the concept of development. The project attracted considerable interest and, in view of the length of the resulting manuscript, a decision was made to publish it in two volumes. Fortunately, the contributors provided coherent perspectives on two relatively distinct developmental themes which served to facilitate our task of dividing their contributions into two volumes. The first volume deals with the foundations of developmental theory and methodology; the second volume - to appear as Volume 8 of the *Annals* - with theoretical issues in developmental psychology. In this first volume, the contributions by Willis Overton and Joachim Wohlwill were completed in 1988, those by Roger Dixon, Richard Lerner, and David Hultsch, and Paul van Geert in 1989. Commentaries followed quickly and replies to commentaries were completed in 1990. Paul van Geert provides a general framework within which the foundational issues of development are discussed. He is especially concerned with the nature of transition models and the structure of time in developmental theory. The relationship between methods and framework, or theory, is the topic of Joachim Wohlwill's contribution.

1986 events in history: *Infantry*, 1987

1986 events in history: *Encyclopedia of Human Rights* David P Forsythe, 2009-08-27 This four-volume encyclopedia set offers coverage of all aspects of human rights theory, practice, law, and history.

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