

alcorn state university history

Alcorn State University History: A Comprehensive Guide

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Keyword: Alcorn State University History

Summary: This guide provides a comprehensive overview of Alcorn State University's history, from its origins as a Freedmen's Bureau school to its present-day status as a leading HBCU. It explores key moments, influential figures, and the challenges and triumphs that shaped the university's trajectory. The guide also highlights best practices for researching Alcorn State University history and cautions against common pitfalls in interpreting historical sources.

Early Years: From Freedmen's Bureau to State Institution (1871-1900)

The history of Alcorn State University is inextricably linked to the aftermath of the Civil War and the establishment of the Freedmen's Bureau. Founded in 1871 as the Alcorn Agricultural and Mechanical College, it was one of the first land-grant institutions established for formerly enslaved African Americans in the South. This period of Alcorn State University history is characterized by significant challenges: limited resources, racial prejudice, and the ongoing struggle for equal educational opportunities. Understanding the context of Reconstruction in Mississippi is crucial to comprehending the university's early struggles and triumphs. Primary sources such as Freedmen's Bureau records, early student journals, and newspaper articles from the era offer invaluable insights into this formative period of Alcorn State University history.

Growth and Development: The 20th Century (1900-2000)

The 20th century witnessed significant growth and transformation for Alcorn State University. The institution expanded its academic offerings, built new facilities, and overcame numerous obstacles,

including the Jim Crow era and ongoing struggles for civil rights. This period of Alcorn State University history saw the emergence of influential faculty and alumni who played vital roles in shaping the university's identity and contributing to society. Studying this era requires careful consideration of secondary sources such as university yearbooks, alumni magazines, and biographies of prominent figures. It's crucial to analyze these sources critically, acknowledging potential biases and limitations.

The Modern Era: Challenges and Achievements (2000-Present)

The 21st century presents Alcorn State University with new challenges and opportunities. The university continues to adapt to changing educational landscapes, technological advancements, and evolving societal needs. This period of Alcorn State University history requires engagement with contemporary sources like university websites, news articles, and institutional publications. Analyzing the ongoing efforts to enhance student success, expand research opportunities, and maintain its role as a vital HBCU provides a full picture of Alcorn State University history.

Best Practices for Researching Alcorn State University History

Utilize Archival Sources: The Alcorn State University Archives hold a wealth of primary source materials, including student records, faculty papers, photographs, and institutional documents.

Consult Oral Histories: Gathering oral histories from alumni, faculty, and staff provides invaluable firsthand accounts and perspectives.

Engage with Secondary Sources Critically: While secondary sources are valuable, it's crucial to approach them with a critical eye, evaluating their biases and methodologies.

Employ Interdisciplinary Approaches: A multidisciplinary approach integrating history, sociology, education, and other relevant fields enriches the understanding of Alcorn State University history.

Common Pitfalls in Researching Alcorn State University History

Overreliance on Limited Sources: Relying solely on university publications can lead to an incomplete picture. Diverse sources are needed.

Ignoring the Broader Context: Understanding Alcorn State University history requires considering its place within the larger historical context of Mississippi, the South, and the national landscape.

Neglecting Oral Histories: Failing to incorporate oral histories neglects valuable firsthand accounts and diverse perspectives.

Uncritical Acceptance of Information: Scrutinizing sources for biases and inaccuracies is crucial for producing accurate and reliable historical accounts.

Conclusion

Alcorn State University's history is a powerful narrative of resilience, perseverance, and achievement. By employing careful research methods and critically examining sources, we can gain a deeper appreciation for the university's enduring legacy and its significant contributions to education, society, and the African American community. Understanding Alcorn State University

history is crucial for understanding the broader history of higher education in the United States, the role of HBCUs, and the ongoing struggle for racial equality.

FAQs

1. When was Alcorn State University founded? Alcorn State University was founded in 1871.
2. What was its original name? Its original name was Alcorn Agricultural and Mechanical College.
3. What is Alcorn State University's mission? To provide quality education and opportunities for students, particularly African Americans.
4. What are some notable alumni of Alcorn State University? Numerous prominent figures in various fields are alumni, including athletes, politicians, and educators (specific names would require further research and would depend on the specific area of focus).
5. How did the Civil Rights Movement impact Alcorn State University? The Civil Rights Movement had a significant impact on the university, leading to increased opportunities for African American students and faculty.
6. What role did Alcorn State University play in the development of the Mississippi Delta? The university played a crucial role in the economic and social development of the region through education and community engagement.
7. What are some of the challenges currently facing Alcorn State University? Like many HBCUs, Alcorn faces challenges related to funding, infrastructure, and student retention.
8. Where can I find primary sources related to Alcorn State University history? The Alcorn State University Archives and various online historical repositories.
9. What are some key themes in the study of Alcorn State University history? Key themes include the struggle for racial equality, land-grant education, the role of HBCUs, and the impact on the Mississippi Delta.

Related Articles

1. "The Founding of Alcorn Agricultural and Mechanical College: A Reconstruction Era Perspective": This article examines the establishment of the university within the context of Reconstruction in Mississippi.
2. "Alcorn State University and the Jim Crow Era: Resistance and Resilience": This article explores the challenges and triumphs of the university during the era of segregation.
3. "The Evolution of Alcorn State University's Curriculum: From Agricultural Focus to Modern Academics": This article traces the changes in the university's academic programs over time.

4. "Notable Alumni of Alcorn State University: Shaping the World": This article profiles influential graduates of the university across diverse fields.
5. "Alcorn State University and the Civil Rights Movement: A Legacy of Activism": This article details the university's role in the Civil Rights struggle.
6. "The Architectural History of Alcorn State University: A Reflection of its Growth": This article examines the architectural development of the university campus.
7. "Alcorn State University and the Development of the Mississippi Delta Economy": This article explores the university's contribution to the economic development of the region.
8. "Challenges and Opportunities Facing Alcorn State University in the 21st Century": This article addresses contemporary challenges and strategies for future success.
9. "Oral Histories of Alcorn State University: Voices from the Past": This article presents excerpts from oral history interviews with alumni and faculty.

alcorn state university history: *Against Great Odds* Josephine McCann Posey, 2011-05-18 The history of the first land-grant academic institution for African Americans.

alcorn state university history: *Succeeding against Great Odds* Josephine McCann Posey, 2017-06-27 Alcorn State University was founded in 1871, making it the oldest public historically black land-grant institution in the United States. Alcorn has undergone numerous changes and expansions over the years, and it continues to produce notable alumni and scholars in more than fifty fields. *Succeeding against Great Odds* covers nearly a quarter of a century since Josephine McCann Posey's first institutional history of Alcorn, *Against Great Odds: The History of Alcorn State University*. This new book briefly summarizes the first 123 years of Alcorn's history. The volume then explores the tenure of three interim and/or acting presidents, Drs. Rudolph E. Waters Sr., Malvin A. Williams Sr., and Norris A. Edney Sr. (with Edney serving twice), and permanent presidents, Drs. Clinton Bristow Jr., George E. Ross, M. Christopher Brown II, and Alfred Rankins Jr., who have all served since *Against Great Odds* was published in 1994. This comprehensive narrative shows the university confidently advancing in the twenty-first century, proud of its distinctive heritage and intent on overcoming obstacles to continue a long tradition of excellence. *Succeeding against Great Odds* includes numerous appendices to document the illustrious history of Alcorn, its accomplishments, and particularly the people who have shaped the institution.

alcorn state university history: *The Price of Defiance* Charles W. Eagles, 2009 Presents the history of the efforts to integrate the University of Mississippi, describing James Meredith's struggles to become its first African-American student and the conflict between segregationist Governor Ross Barnett and federal law enforcement officials.

alcorn state university history: *The State Must Provide* Adam Harris, 2021-08-10 "A book that both taught me so much and also kept me on the edge of my seat. It is an invaluable text from a supremely talented writer." —Clint Smith, author of *How the Word is Passed* The definitive history of the pervasiveness of racial inequality in American higher education America's colleges and universities have a shameful secret: they have never given Black people a fair chance to succeed. From its inception, our higher education system was not built on equality or accessibility, but on educating—and prioritizing—white students. Black students have always been an afterthought. While governments and private donors funnel money into majority white schools, historically Black

colleges and universities (HBCUs), and other institutions that have high enrollments of Black students, are struggling to survive, with state legislatures siphoning away federal funds that are legally owed to these schools. In *The State Must Provide*, Adam Harris reckons with the history of a higher education system that has systematically excluded Black people from its benefits. Harris weaves through the legal, social, and political obstacles erected to block equitable education in the United States, studying the Black Americans who fought their way to an education, pivotal Supreme Court cases like *Plessy v. Ferguson* and *Brown v. Board of Education*, and the government's role in creating and upholding a segregated education system. He explores the role that Civil War-era legislation intended to bring agricultural education to the masses had in creating the HBCUs that have played such a major part in educating Black students when other state and private institutions refused to accept them. *The State Must Provide* is the definitive chronicle of higher education's failed attempts at equality and the long road still in front of us to remedy centuries of racial discrimination—and poses a daring solution to help solve the underfunding of HBCUs. Told through a vivid cast of characters, *The State Must Provide* examines what happened before and after schools were supposedly integrated in the twentieth century, and why higher education remains broken to this day.

alcorn state university history: Faithful Account of the Race Stephen G. Hall, 2010-05-07 The civil rights and black power movements expanded popular awareness of the history and culture of African Americans. But, as Stephen Hall observes, African American authors, intellectuals, ministers, and abolitionists had been writing the history of the black experience since the 1800s. With this book, Hall recaptures and reconstructs a rich but largely overlooked tradition of historical writing by African Americans. Hall charts the origins, meanings, methods, evolution, and maturation of African American historical writing from the period of the Early Republic to the twentieth-century professionalization of the larger field of historical study. He demonstrates how these works borrowed from and engaged with ideological and intellectual constructs from mainstream intellectual movements including the Enlightenment, Romanticism, Realism, and Modernism. Hall also explores the creation of discursive spaces that simultaneously reinforced and offered counter narratives to more mainstream historical discourse. He sheds fresh light on the influence of the African diaspora on the development of historical study. In so doing, he provides a holistic portrait of African American history informed by developments within and outside the African American community.

alcorn state university history: *Alcorn State University and the National Alumni Association* Josephine McCann Posey, 2000 In 1871 Mississippi Governor James L. Alcorn recommended that the state legislature support the formation of Alcorn University. The campus of Oakland College, a school founded by the Presbyterian Church in 1830, had been abandoned after the Civil War and was purchased for forty thousand dollars and designated for the education of black youth. The school became Alcorn Agricultural and Mechanical College in 1878, and Alcorn State University in 1974. In this unique pictorial retrospective, over one hundred years of growth and change at Alcorn are explored and celebrated. Included within these pages are vintage photographs of the students and faculty that have shaped the school's history. From early classes and sporting events to distinguished alumni and prominent leaders, the images depict a university continually striving to educate, train, and inspire young African Americans. Alcorn's picturesque campus, with moss-draped trees and scenic lakes, provides a setting where, for over a century, students have been given a multitude of opportunities to grow. The first land-grant institution for blacks in the United States, Alcorn is a public university committed to academic excellence. The challenges faced by its students and faculty in its earliest days brought forth an unyielding determination to succeed, which is still evident today among its diverse student body.

alcorn state university history: Colleges of Agriculture at the Land Grant Universities National Research Council, Board on Agriculture, Committee on the Future of the Colleges of Agriculture in the Land Grant System, 1995-10-27 Although few Americans work as farmers these days, agriculture on the whole remains economically important—playing a key role in such

contemporary issues as consumer health and nutrition, worker safety and animal welfare, and environmental protection. This publication provides a comprehensive picture of the primary education system for the nation's agriculture industry: the land grant colleges of agriculture. Colleges of Agriculture at the Land Grant Universities informs the public debate about the challenges that will shape the future of these colleges and serves as a foundation for a second volume, which will present recommendations for policy and institutional changes in the land grant system. This book reviews the legislative history of the land grant system from its establishment in 1862 to the 1994 act conferring land grant status on Native American colleges. It describes trends that have shaped agriculture and agricultural education over the decades—the shift of labor from farm to factory, reasons for and effects of increased productivity and specialization, the rise of the corporate farm, and more. The committee reviews the system's three-part mission—education, research, and extension service—and through this perspective documents the changing nature of funding and examines the unique structure of the U.S. agricultural research and education system. Demographic data on faculties, students, extension staff, commodity and funding clusters, and geographic specializations profile the system and identify similarities and differences among the colleges of agriculture, trends in funding, and a host of other issues. The tables in the appendix provide further itemization about general population distribution, student and educator demographics, types of degree programs, and funding allocations. Concise commentary and informative graphics augment the detailed statistical presentations. This book will be important to policymakers, administrators, educators, researchers, and students of agriculture.

alcorn state university history: A Black Physician's Story Douglas L. Conner, 1985 The autobiography of a black doctor in white Mississippi during the Jim Crow era and the fierce struggle for civil rights

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alcorn state university history: The Black Revolution on Campus Martha Biondi, 2014-03-21 Winner of the Wesley-Logan Prize in African Diaspora History from the American Historical Association and the Benjamin Hooks National Book Award for Outstanding Scholarly Work on the American Civil Rights Movement and Its Legacy.

alcorn state university history: **Delta Jewels** Alysia Burton Steele, 2015-04-07 Inspired by memories of her beloved grandmother, photographer and author Alysia Burton Steele -- picture editor on a Pulitzer Prize-winning team -- combines heart-wrenching narrative with poignant photographs of more than 50 female church elders in the Mississippi Delta. These ordinary women lived extraordinary lives under the harshest conditions of the Jim Crow era and during the courageous changes of the Civil Rights Movement. With the help of local pastors, Steele recorded these living witnesses to history and folk ways, and shares the significance of being a Black woman -- child, daughter, sister, wife, mother, and grandmother in Mississippi -- a Jewel of the Delta. From the stand Mrs. Tennie Self took for her marriage to be acknowledged in the phone book, to the life-threatening sacrifice required to vote for the first time, these 50 inspiring portraits are the faces of love and triumph that will teach readers faith and courage in difficult times.

alcorn state university history: **A School History of the Negro Race in America from 1619 to 1890** Edward Austin Johnson, 1891

alcorn state university history: *Archeology of Mississippi* Calvin Smith Brown, 1926

alcorn state university history: *To Survive and Thrive* John A. Peoples, 1995

alcorn state university history: **The Ghosts of Medgar Evers** Willie Morris, 1998 An unusual book about the making of the movie Ghosts of Mississippi and its more complicated historical

background: the 1963 assassination of courageous civil rights activist Medgar Evers and the conviction thirty years later of his killer, Byron De La Beckwith.--Jacket.

alcorn state university history: Hbcu Today J. M. Emmert, 2009-01-01

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alcorn state university history: The Music of Black Americans Eileen Southern, 1983 A narrative history of the music of African-Americans with emphasis on the folk music genres.

alcorn state university history: Penn Center Orville Vernon Burton, Wilbur Cross, 2014 Here is all of Penn Center's rich past and present, as told through the experiences of its longtime Gullah inhabitants and visitors to St. Helena Island. It is the inspiring story behind the first school for former slaves, from the Civil War through the civil rights movement, illustrated in forty-two captivating photographs.

alcorn state university history: The Age of Garvey Adam Ewing, 2014-08-24 A groundbreaking exploration of Garveyism's global influence during the interwar years and beyond Jamaican activist Marcus Garvey (1887-1940) organized the Universal Negro Improvement Association in Harlem in 1917. By the early 1920s, his program of African liberation and racial uplift had attracted millions of supporters, both in the United States and abroad. The Age of Garvey presents an expansive global history of the movement that came to be known as Garveyism. Offering a groundbreaking new interpretation of global black politics between the First and Second World Wars, Adam Ewing charts Garveyism's emergence, its remarkable global transmission, and its influence in the responses among African descendants to white supremacy and colonial rule in Africa, the Caribbean, and the United States. Delving into the organizing work and political approach of Garvey and his followers, Ewing shows that Garveyism emerged from a rich tradition of pan-African politics that had established, by the First World War, lines of communication among black intellectuals on both sides of the Atlantic. Garvey's legacy was to reengineer this tradition as a vibrant and multifaceted mass politics. Ewing looks at the people who enabled Garveyism's global spread, including labor activists in the Caribbean and Central America, community organizers in the urban and rural United States, millennial religious revivalists in central and southern Africa, welfare associations and independent church activists in Malawi and Zambia, and an emerging generation of Kikuyu leadership in central Kenya. Moving away from the images of quixotic business schemes and repatriation efforts, The Age of Garvey demonstrates the consequences of Garveyism's international presence and provides a dynamic and unified framework for understanding the movement, during the interwar years and beyond.

alcorn state university history: A Patriot's History of the United States Larry Schweikart, Michael Patrick Allen, 2004-12-29 For the past three decades, many history professors have allowed their biases to distort the way America's past is taught. These intellectuals have searched for instances of racism, sexism, and bigotry in our history while downplaying the greatness of America's patriots and the achievements of "dead white men." As a result, more emphasis is placed on Harriet Tubman than on George Washington; more about the internment of Japanese Americans during World War II than about D-Day or Iwo Jima; more on the dangers we faced from Joseph McCarthy than those we faced from Josef Stalin. A Patriot's History of the United States corrects those doctrinaire biases. In this groundbreaking book, America's discovery, founding, and development are reexamined with an appreciation for the elements of public virtue, personal liberty, and private property that make this nation uniquely successful. This book offers a long-overdue acknowledgment

of America's true and proud history.

alcorn state university history: Sketches Of Persia; Volume 1 John Malcolm,

alcorn state university history: The Shaping of American Higher Education Arthur M. Cohen, Carrie B. Kisker, 2009-11-19 THE SHAPING OF AMERICAN HIGHER EDUCATION SECOND EDITION When the first edition of The Shaping of American Higher Education was published it was lauded for its historical perspective and in-depth coverage of current events that provided an authoritative, comprehensive account of the history of higher education in the United States. As in the first edition, this book tracks trends and important issues in eight key areas: student access, faculty professionalization, curricular expansion, institutional growth, governance, finance, research, and outcomes. Thoroughly revised and updated, the volume is filled with critical new data; recent information from specialized sources on faculty, student admissions, and management practices; and an entirely new section that explores privatization, corporatization, and accountability from the mid-1990s to the present. This second edition also includes end-of-chapter questions for guidance, reflection, and study. Cohen and Kisker do the nation's colleges and universities a much needed service by authoring this volume. The highly regarded histories of American higher education have become badly dated. They ignore the last quarter century when American higher education was transformed. This volume provides comprehensive information on that era. — Art Levine, president, Woodrow Wilson National Fellowship Foundation, and author, When Hope and Fear Collide: A Portrait of Today's College Student The second edition of The Shaping of American Higher Education is a treasure trove of information and insight. Cohen and Kisker provide us with astute and straightforward analysis and commentary on our past, present, and likely future. This book is invaluable to those seeking to go to the heart of the issues and challenges confronting higher education. — Judith S. Eaton, president, Council for Higher Education Accreditation Arthur Cohen and his collaborator have now updated his superb history of American higher education. It remains masterful, authoritative, comprehensive, and incisive, and guarantees that this work will stand as the classic required resource for all who want to understand where higher education came from and where it is going. The new material gives a wise and nuanced perspective on the current crisis-driven transformations of the higher education industry. — John Lombardi, president, Louisiana State University System The Shaping of American Higher Education is distinguished by its systematic approach, comprehensive coverage, and extensive treatment of the modern era, including the first years of the twenty-first century. In this second edition, Arthur Cohen and Carrie Kisker are especially adept at bringing historical perspective and a balanced viewpoint to controversial issues of the current era. — Roger L. Geiger, distinguished professor, The Pennsylvania State University, and author, Knowledge and Money

alcorn state university history: The History of the Colored Methodist Episcopal Church in America Charles Henry Phillips, 1898

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alcorn state university history: Black Landscapes Matter Walter Hood, Grace Mitchell Tada, 2020-12-09 The question Do black landscapes matter? cuts deep to the core of American history. From the plantations of slavery to contemporary segregated cities, from freedman villages to northern migrations for freedom, the nation's landscape bears the detritus of diverse origins. Black landscapes matter because they tell the truth. In this vital new collection, acclaimed landscape designer and public artist Walter Hood assembles a group of notable landscape architecture and planning professionals and scholars to probe how race, memory, and meaning intersect in the American landscape. Essayists examine a variety of U.S. places—ranging from New Orleans and Charlotte to Milwaukee and Detroit—exposing racism endemic in the built environment and

acknowledging the widespread erasure of black geographies and cultural landscapes. Through a combination of case studies, critiques, and calls to action, contributors reveal the deficient, normative portrayals of landscape that affect communities of color and question how public design and preservation efforts can support people in these places. In a culture in which historical omissions and specious narratives routinely provoke disinvestment in minority communities, creative solutions by designers, planners, artists, and residents are necessary to activate them in novel ways. Black people have built and shaped the American landscape in ways that can never be fully known. Black Landscapes Matter is a timely and necessary reminder that without recognizing and reconciling these histories and spaces, America's past and future cannot be understood.

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alcorn state university history: Our Underachieving Colleges Derek Bok, 2008-01-15 The author sets forth what is known about how much students learn in college, gives recommendations for how to improve undergraduate education, and describes how universities can develop a continuing process of enlightened trial and error that will enable them to improve their performance in the future.

alcorn state university history: Historical Dialectology in the Digital Age Rhona Alcorn, 2019-01-03 Examines how pre-modernist conceptions and social organizations of pleasure have impacted post-WWII film.

alcorn state university history: The Kentucky Encyclopedia John E. Kleber, 2014-10-17 The Kentucky Encyclopedia's 2,000-plus entries are the work of more than five hundred writers. Their subjects reflect all areas of the commonwealth and span the time from prehistoric settlement to today's headlines, recording Kentuckians' achievements in art, architecture, business, education, politics, religion, science, and sports. Biographical sketches portray all of Kentucky's governors and U.S. senators, as well as note congressmen and state and local politicians. Kentucky's impact on the national scene is registered in the lives of such figures as Carry Nation, Henry Clay, Louis Brandeis, and Alben Barkley. The commonwealth's high range from writers Harriette Arnow and Jesse Stuart, reformers Laura Clay and Mary Breckinridge, and civil rights leaders Whitney Young, Jr., and Georgia Powers, to sports figures Muhammad Ali and Adolph Rupp and entertainers Loretta Lynn, Merle Travis, and the Everly Brothers. Entries describe each county and county seat and each community with a population above 2,500. Broad overview articles examine such topics as agriculture, segregation, transportation, literature, and folklife. Frequently misunderstood aspects of Kentucky's history and culture are clarified and popular misconceptions corrected. The facts on such subjects as mint juleps, Fort Knox, Boone's coonskin cap, the Kentucky hot brown, and Morgan's Raiders will settle many an argument. For both the researcher and the more casual reader, this collection of facts and fancies about Kentucky and Kentuckians will be an invaluable resource.

alcorn state university history: So the Heffners Left McComb Hodding Carter II, 2016-04-12 On Saturday, September 5, 1964, the family of Albert W. Red Heffner Jr., a successful insurance agent, left their house at 202 Shannon Drive in McComb, Mississippi, where they had lived for ten years. They never returned. In the eyes of neighbors, their unforgiveable sin was to have spoken on several occasions with civil rights workers and to have invited two into their home. Consequently, the Heffners were subjected to a campaign of harassment, ostracism, and economic retaliation shocking to a white family who believed that they were respected community members. So the Heffners Left McComb, originally published in 1965 and reprinted now for the first time, is Greenville journalist Hodding Carter's account of the events that led to the Heffners' downfall. Historian Trent Brown, a McComb native, supplies a substantial introduction evaluating the book's significance. The Heffners' story demonstrates the forces of fear, conformity, communal pressure, and threats of retaliation that silenced so many white Mississippians during the 1950s and 1960s.

Carter's book provides a valuable portrait of a family who was not choosing to make a stand, but merely extending humane hospitality. Yet the Heffners were systematically punished and driven into exile for what was perceived as treason against white apartheid.

alcorn state university history: The Inland Architect and News Record , 1885

alcorn state university history: The Autobiography of Medgar Evers Myrlie

Evers-Williams, Manning Marable, 2006-08-29 On the evening of June 12, 1963 -- the day President John F. Kennedy gave his most impassioned speech about the need for interracial tolerance Medgar Evers, the NAACP's first field secretary in Mississippi, was shot and killed by an assassin's bullet in his driveway. The still-smoking gun -- bearing the fingerprints of Byron De La Beckwith, a staunch white supremacist -- was recovered moments later in some nearby bushes. Still, Beckwith remained free for over thirty years, until Evers's widow finally forced the Mississippi courts to bring him to justice. The Autobiography of Medgar Evers tells the full story of one the greatest leaders of the civil rights movement, bringing his achievement to life for a new generation. Although Evers's memory has remained a force in the civil rights movement, the legal battles surrounding his death have too often overshadowed the example and inspiration of his life. Myrlie Evers-Williams and Manning Marable have assembled the previously untouched cache of Medgar's personal documents, writings, and speeches. These remarkable pieces range from Medgar's monthly reports to the NAACP to his correspondence with luminaries of the time such as Robert Carter, General Counsel for the NAACP in the landmark Brown v. Board of Education case. Most important of all are the recollections of Myrlie Evers, combined with letters from her personal collection. These documents and memories form the backbone of The Autobiography of Medgar Evers a cohesive narrative detailing the rise and tragic death of a civil rights hero.

alcorn state university history: The Diary of Aaliyah Anderson Randall Barnes, 2015-06-29

Meet Aaliyah Anderson, a beautiful, intelligent, ambitious thirteen-year-old young woman ready to take over the world. With her mom being a superstar broadcast journalist and her older brother Damon being an acclaimed writer and star sports player. Aaliyah lives a fantastic life. Aaliyah quickly learns that her good life, doesn't separate her from life's problems. She has to deal with tons of hardships and avoid many obstacles along her path to achieving her short term goal of finally making it to high school and what she feels will bring her closer to her dreams of being a CEO of a company. Aaliyah has to deal with overwhelming family issues such as the divorce of her parents and the result of her father's unfaithfulness, infidelity, and a family secret that turns her world upside down. As if her family wasn't messed up enough, her eleven-year old brother turns to the streets and joins the Eastside Rydahz, one of the most notorious gangs in the city. Her eldest brother Jeffery, or high-ranked Rydah 808, hates everything about Aaliyah and she doesn't understand it. All Aaliyah wants is to have the ideal loving, united family and it hurts her that their situation is seemingly fractured beyond repair. To make things even more pressing, she lives in the ruthless city of Willowsfield, statistically the #1 most dangerous city in America, where senseless community violence is the norm and life expectancy is low. With the pressure to succeed and make it out of the ditch that Aaliyah calls her hometown, she still has to deal with more problems that test her patience. With its realistic characters, life-like setting and dynamic message, The Diary of Aaliyah Anderson is entertaining and a sure fire conversation starter on what we need to do as a generation.

alcorn state university history: Mississippi Black History Makers George A. Sewell,

Margaret L. Dwight, 1984-11 A well-researched collection of biographical sketches of notable African Americans from Mississippi

alcorn state university history: Remembering Medgar Evers -- for a New Generation , 1988

alcorn state university history: The Philadelphia Nativist Riots Kenneth W. Milano, 2013

Discover a remarkably intimate and compelling view of the riots with stories of individuals on both sides of the conflict that rocked Kensington. The outskirts of Philadelphia seethed with tension in the spring of 1844. By May 6, the situation between the newly arrived Irish Catholics and members of the anti-immigrant Nativist Party took an explosively violent turn. When the Irish asked to have their children excused from reading the Protestant version of the Bible in local public schools, the

nativists held a protest. The Irish pushed back. For three days, riots scorched the streets of Kensington. Though the immigrants first had the upper hand, the nativists soon put the community to the torch. Those who fled were shot. Two Catholic churches burned to the ground, along with several blocks of houses, stores, a nunnery and a Catholic school. Local historian Kenneth W. Milano traces this tumultuous history from the preceding hostilities through the bloody skirmishes and finally to the aftermath of arrests and trials.

Additional Resources

History - Alcorn State University

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Alcorn State University - Wikipedia

Alcorn State University (Alcorn State, ASU or Alcorn) is a public historically black land-grant university adjacent to Lorman, Mississippi. It was founded in 1871 and was the first black land ...

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