

abraham lincolns education

Abraham Lincoln's Education: A Self-Made President's Lessons for Leadership and Industry

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Abstract: Abraham Lincoln's education, while unconventional and largely self-taught, offers invaluable lessons for leadership in any industry. This article explores the unique trajectory of his learning, highlighting the resourcefulness, perseverance, and intellectual curiosity that shaped his presidency and resonate with modern leadership challenges. We will examine how his approach to knowledge acquisition – marked by voracious reading, keen observation, and a commitment to self-improvement – can inform contemporary leadership development and organizational strategies. The impact of Abraham Lincoln's education extends far beyond the political sphere, offering a powerful model for personal and professional growth.

1. The Limited Formal Education of Abraham Lincoln

Abraham Lincoln's education stands as a compelling counter-narrative to the conventional path to success. Unlike many prominent figures of his time, Lincoln's formal schooling was remarkably brief. He received only about 18 months of sporadic education, largely consisting of rudimentary reading, writing, and arithmetic. This sparse formal education, however, provides a stark backdrop to his later achievements, underscoring the potential for self-directed learning and highlighting the inadequacy of solely relying on traditional educational structures. Understanding the limitations of Abraham Lincoln's education is crucial to grasping the remarkable journey of his intellectual and personal development.

1. The Power of Self-Education: Abraham Lincoln's Intellectual Journey

The limitations of Abraham Lincoln's formal education were significantly compensated for by his relentless pursuit of self-improvement. His voracious reading habit is legendary,

encompassing a wide range of texts, from Shakespeare and the Bible to law books and political treatises. He meticulously studied grammar, rhetoric, and logic, mastering the art of persuasive communication and critical thinking. Abraham Lincoln's education, therefore, wasn't confined to the classroom; it was a lifelong project, driven by an unwavering thirst for knowledge and a deep understanding of the importance of self-reliance. This self-driven approach to Abraham Lincoln's education is a compelling example for anyone seeking to enhance their skills and knowledge in any field.

1. Practical Application and Problem-Solving: The Lincolnian Approach

Abraham Lincoln's education wasn't purely theoretical; it was deeply practical. His early years working as a rail-splitter, flatboatman, and postmaster instilled in him a strong work ethic and a pragmatic approach to problem-solving. He understood the importance of hands-on experience and the value of learning by doing. This understanding of practical application, coupled with his intellectual curiosity, formed the basis of his unique leadership style. Abraham Lincoln's education, in this sense, transcended the traditional boundaries of formal schooling, incorporating life experiences and practical skills as vital components of his intellectual growth. This holistic approach is particularly relevant to industries that value practical experience and problem-solving skills.

1. Leadership and Communication: Lessons from Abraham Lincoln's Education

Abraham Lincoln's mastery of communication, honed through his self-education, played a pivotal role in his success. His speeches, characterized by their eloquence, clarity, and emotional resonance, captivated audiences and shaped public opinion. He understood the power of language and used it effectively to articulate complex ideas, inspire action, and unite a nation divided. The impact of Abraham Lincoln's education on his communication skills serves as a powerful example of how effective communication is crucial for leadership success across all industries. The ability to articulate a vision, persuade stakeholders, and inspire teams is essential for driving progress and achieving organizational goals.

1. Perseverance and Resilience: The Enduring Legacy of Abraham Lincoln's Education

Abraham Lincoln's life was not without its challenges. He faced numerous setbacks and hardships, but his perseverance and resilience, nurtured by his self-directed education, enabled him to overcome adversity and achieve remarkable success. His journey underscores the importance of grit, determination, and the ability to learn from failure. These qualities, cultivated through his unique educational experiences, constitute a powerful lesson for anyone navigating the complexities of today's competitive landscape. Abraham Lincoln's education teaches us that perseverance is a crucial component of success in any field.

1. Adaptability and Continuous Learning: Abraham Lincoln's Model for the Modern Workplace

The rapidly evolving nature of modern industries demands adaptability and a commitment to continuous learning. Abraham Lincoln's dedication to self-improvement throughout his life serves as a compelling model for professionals across all sectors. His willingness to embrace new challenges, acquire new skills, and adapt his approach in response to changing circumstances is a valuable lesson for today's workforce. Abraham Lincoln's education emphasizes the importance of lifelong learning and adaptability as crucial factors for success in a dynamic environment.

1. The Implications of Abraham Lincoln's Education for Industry Leadership

Abraham Lincoln's unconventional education offers several profound implications for leadership development in modern industry. His emphasis on self-directed learning, practical application, and continuous improvement can inspire innovative approaches to employee training and development. Organizations can benefit from fostering a culture of lifelong learning, encouraging employees to cultivate their skills and knowledge through self-directed study, mentoring, and on-the-job experiences. Drawing inspiration from Abraham Lincoln's education, companies can cultivate a workforce that is adaptable, resilient, and capable of navigating the complexities of a rapidly changing world.

Conclusion:

Abraham Lincoln's education, though unconventional, remains a compelling case study in self-directed learning, resilience, and the power of lifelong intellectual growth. Its implications for leadership development and organizational success are far-reaching. By emphasizing self-improvement, practical application, and a commitment to continuous learning, individuals and organizations can emulate the Lincolnian model, cultivating a more adaptable, resilient, and ultimately, successful future.

FAQs:

1. What was the most significant aspect of Abraham Lincoln's education? His self-education and his relentless pursuit of knowledge through reading and practical experience.
2. How did Abraham Lincoln's education influence his presidency? It equipped him with the communication skills, problem-solving abilities, and intellectual depth necessary for navigating the complexities of the Civil War and leading the nation.
3. What can modern leaders learn from Abraham Lincoln's approach to learning? The importance of self-directed learning, continuous improvement, and adaptability to

changing circumstances.

4. How did Abraham Lincoln's early work experiences contribute to his education? They provided practical skills and problem-solving experience, complementing his self-directed learning.
5. What specific books did Abraham Lincoln read? His reading list was extensive and varied, including works of literature, law, and political philosophy.
6. How did Abraham Lincoln's education influence his communication style? It helped him cultivate his powerful oratory skills, enabling him to connect with audiences and inspire action.
7. What role did mentorship play in Abraham Lincoln's education? While he lacked formal mentors, he learned from various individuals and experiences throughout his life.
8. How did Abraham Lincoln's education prepare him for the challenges of the presidency? It instilled in him the resilience, perseverance, and problem-solving skills needed to overcome adversity.
9. What is the most important takeaway from the study of Abraham Lincoln's education? The importance of lifelong learning, self-reliance, and the power of personal growth.

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Careful scrutiny of Lincoln's actions, speeches, and writings, and of accounts from those who knew him, Miller gives us insight into the moral development of a great politician — one who made the choice to go into politics, and ultimately realized that vocation's fullest moral possibilities. As Lincoln's Virtues makes refreshingly clear, Lincoln was not born with his face on Mount Rushmore; he was an actual human being making choices — moral choices — in a real world. In an account animated by wit and humor, Miller follows this unschooled frontier politician's rise, showing that the higher he went and the greater his power, the worthier his conduct would become. He would become that rare bird, a great man who was also a good man. Uniquely revealing of its subject's heart and mind, it represents a major contribution to our understanding of Lincoln, and to the perennial American discussion of the relationship between politics and morality.

abraham lincolns education: *Lincoln and Freedom* Harold Holzer, Sara Vaughn Gabbard, 2007-08-27 Lincoln's reelection in 1864 was a pivotal moment in the history of the United States. The Emancipation Proclamation had officially gone into effect on January 1, 1863, and the proposed Thirteenth Amendment had become a campaign issue. *Lincoln and Freedom: Slavery, Emancipation, and the Thirteenth Amendment* captures these historic times, profiling the individuals, events, and enactments that led to slavery's abolition. Fifteen leading Lincoln scholars contribute to this collection, covering slavery from its roots in 1619 Jamestown, through the adoption of the Constitution, to Abraham Lincoln's presidency. This comprehensive volume, edited by Harold Holzer and Sara Vaughn Gabbard, presents Abraham Lincoln's response to the issue of slavery as politician, president, writer, orator, and commander-in-chief. Topics include the history of slavery in North America, the Supreme Court's Dred Scott decision, the evolution of Lincoln's view of presidential powers, the influence of religion on Lincoln, and the effects of the Emancipation Proclamation. This collection effectively explores slavery as a Constitutional issue, both from the viewpoint of the original intent of the nation's founders as they failed to deal with slavery, and as a study of the Constitutional authority of the commander-in-chief as Lincoln interpreted it. Addressed are the timing of Lincoln's decision for emancipation and its effect on the public, the military, and the slaves themselves. Other topics covered include the role of the U.S. Colored Troops, the election campaign of 1864, and the legislative debate over the Thirteenth Amendment. The volume concludes with a heavily illustrated essay on the role that iconography played in forming and informing public opinion about emancipation and the amendments that officially granted freedom and civil rights to African Americans. *Lincoln and Freedom* provides a comprehensive political history of slavery in America and offers a rare look at how Lincoln's views, statements, and actions played a vital role in the story of emancipation.

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abraham lincolns education: Lincoln's Melancholy Joshua Wolf Shenk, 2006-10-02 A nuanced psychological portrait of Abraham Lincoln that finds his legendary political strengths rooted in his most personal struggles. Giving shape to the deep depression that pervaded Lincoln's adult life, Joshua Wolf Shenk's Lincoln's Melancholy reveals how this illness influenced both the President's character and his leadership. Mired in personal suffering as a young man, Lincoln forged a hard path toward mental health. Shenk draws on seven years of research from historical record, interviews with Lincoln scholars, and contemporary research on depression to understand the nature of Lincoln's unhappiness. In the process, Shenk discovers that the President's coping strategies—among them, a rich sense of humor and a tendency toward quiet reflection—ultimately helped him to lead the nation through its greatest turmoil. A New York Times Book Review Editors' Choice SELECTED AS A BEST BOOK OF THE YEAR: Washington Post Book World, Atlanta Journal-Constitution, St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Pittsburgh Post-Gazette As Featured on the History Channel documentary Lincoln "Fresh, fascinating, provocative."—Sanford D. Horwitt, San Francisco Chronicle "Some extremely beautiful prose and fine political rhetoric and leaves one feeling close to Lincoln, a considerable accomplishment."—Andrew Solomon, New York Magazine "A profoundly human and psychologically important examination of the melancholy that so pervaded Lincoln's life."—Kay Redfield Jamison, Ph.D., author of An Unquiet Mind

abraham lincolns education: Lincoln Fred Kaplan, 2008-10-16 "A fine, invaluable book. . . . Certain to become essential to our understanding of the 16th president. . . . Kaplan meticulously analyzes how Lincoln's steadily maturing prose style enabled him to come to grips with slavery and, as his own views evolved, to express his deepening opposition to it." — Jonathan Yardley, The Washington Post Book World For Abraham Lincoln, whether he was composing love letters, speeches, or legal arguments, words mattered. In Lincoln, acclaimed biographer Fred Kaplan explores the life of America's sixteenth president through his use of language both as a vehicle to express complex ideas and feelings and as an instrument of persuasion and empowerment. This unique and engrossing account of Lincoln's life and career highlights the shortcomings of the modern presidency, reminding us, through Lincoln's legacy and appreciation for language, that the careful and honest use of words is a necessity for successful democracy.

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abraham lincolns education: Oh, why Should the Spirit of Mortal be Proud? William Knox, 1877

abraham lincolns education: The Life and Memorable Actions of George Washington Mason Locke Weems, 1999-01-01 Bonded Leather binding

abraham lincolns education: Lincoln & Churchill Lewis E Lehrman, 2023-06-14 "With penetrating insight, Lehrman unfolds the contrasts and similarities between these two leaders . . . I savored every page of this magnificent work."—Doris Kearns Goodwin, #1 New York Times bestselling author of Team of Rivals: The Political Genius of Abraham Lincoln Winner of the Abraham Lincoln Institute of Washington's 2019 book prize Lewis E. Lehrman, a renowned historian and National Humanities Medal winner, gives new perspective on two of the greatest English-speaking statesmen—and their remarkable leadership in wars of national survival. Abraham Lincoln and Winston Churchill, as commanders in chief, led their nations to victory—Lincoln in the Civil War, Churchill in World War II. They became revered leaders—statesmen for all time. Yet these two world-famous war leaders have never been seriously compared at book length. Acclaimed historian Lewis Lehrman, in his pathbreaking comparison of both statesmen, finds that Lincoln and Churchill—with very different upbringings and contrasting personalities—led their war efforts, to some extent, in similar ways. As supreme war lords, they were guided not only by principles of

honor, duty, and freedom, but also by the practical wisdom to know when, where, and how to apply these principles. Even their writings and speeches were swords in battle. Gifted literary stylists, both men relied on the written and spoken word to steel their citizens throughout desperate and prolonged wars. And both statesmen unexpectedly left office near the end of their wars—Lincoln by the bullet, Churchill by the ballot. They made mistakes, which Lehrman considers carefully. But the author emphasizes that, despite setbacks, they never gave up. “Deeply researched and elegantly written. . . a valuable contribution to our knowledge of the past. By expertly conjoining two great leaders in a single volume, he has enhanced our understanding of both.” —The Wall Street Journal Includes illustrations and photographs

abraham lincolns education: Lincoln and the Power of the Press Harold Holzer, 2014-10-14 Examines Abraham Lincoln's relationship with the press, arguing that he used such intimidation and manipulation techniques as closing down dissenting newspapers, pampering favoring newspaper men, and physically moving official telegraph lines.

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abraham lincolns education: Lincoln's Sword Douglas L. Wilson, 2011-11-02 Widely considered in his own time as a genial but provincial lightweight who was out of place in the presidency, Abraham Lincoln astonished his allies and confounded his adversaries by producing a series of speeches and public letters so provocative that they helped revolutionize public opinion on such critical issues as civil liberties, the use of black soldiers, and the emancipation of slaves. This is a brilliant and unprecedented examination of how Lincoln used the power of words to not only build his political career but to keep the country united during the Civil War.

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abraham lincolns education: Abraham Lincoln's World Genevieve Foster, 2000-04-01 A historical survey of Europe, Asia, Africa, and the Americas during the lifetime of Abraham Lincoln, examining people, places, and events which gave color to the world of the nineteenth century.

abraham lincolns education: How Lincoln Learned to Read Daniel Wolff, 2009-07-01 How Lincoln Learned to Read tells the American story from a fresh and unique perspective: how do we learn what we need to know? Beginning with Benjamin Franklin and ending with Elvis Presley, author Daniel Wolff creates a series of intimate, interlocking profiles of notable Americans that track the nation's developing notion of what it means to get a good education. From the stubborn early feminism of Abigail Adams to the miracle of Helen Keller, from the savage childhood of Andrew Jackson to the academic ambitions of W.E.B. Du Bois, a single, fascinating narrative emerges. It

connects the illiterate Sojourner Truth to the privileged Jack Kennedy, takes us from Paiute Indians scavenging on western deserts to the birth of Henry Ford's assembly line. And as the book traces the education we value - both in and outside the classroom - it becomes a history of key American ideas. In the end, *How Lincoln Learned to Read* delivers us to today's headlines. Standardized testing, achievement gaps, the very purpose of public education - all have their roots in this narrative. Whether you're a parent trying to make sure your child is prepared, a teacher trying to do the best possible job, or a student navigating the educational system, *How Lincoln Learned to Read* offers a challenge to consider what we need to know and how we learn it. Wide-ranging and meticulously researched, built mostly on primary sources, this is an American story that begins and ends with hope.

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abraham lincolns education: Abraham Lincoln Michael Burlingame, 2023-10-10 Hailed as the definitive portrait of the sixteenth president, Lincoln scholar Michael Burlingame's impressive two-volume biography has been masterfully abridged and revised. Sixteenth president of the United States, the Great Emancipator, and a surpassingly eloquent champion of national unity, freedom, and democracy, Abraham Lincoln is arguably the most studied and admired of all Americans. Michael Burlingame's astonishing *Abraham Lincoln: A Life*, an updated, condensed version of the 2,000-page two-volume set that *The Atlantic* hailed as one of the five best books of 2009, offers fresh interpretations of this endlessly fascinating American leader. Based on deep research in unpublished sources as well as newly digitized sources, this work reveals how Lincoln's character and personality were the North's secret weapon in the Civil War, the key variables that spelled the difference between victory and defeat. He was a model of psychological maturity and a fully individuated man whose influence remains unrivaled in the history of American public life. Burlingame chronicles Lincoln's childhood and early development, romantic attachments and losses, his love of learning, legal training, and courtroom career as well as his political ambition, his term as congressman in the late 1840s, and his serious bouts of depression in early adulthood. Burlingame recounts, in fresh detail, the Abraham and Mary Todd Lincoln marriage and traces the mounting moral criticism of slavery that revived his political career and won this Springfield lawyer the presidency in 1860. This abridgement delivers Burlingame's signature insight into Lincoln as a young man, a father, and a politician. Lincoln speaks to us not only as a champion of freedom, democracy, and national unity but also as a source of inspiration. Few have achieved his historical importance, but many can profit from his personal example, encouraged by the knowledge that despite a lifetime of troubles, he became a model of psychological maturity, moral clarity, and unimpeachable integrity. His presence and his leadership inspired his contemporaries; his life story will do the same for generations to come.

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abraham lincolns education: Abraham Lincoln Through the Eyes of High School Youth United States Lincoln Sesquicentennial Commission, 1959

abraham lincolns education: Lincoln Unmasked Thomas J. DiLorenzo, 2009-01-21 What if you were told that the revered leader Abraham Lincoln was actually a political tyrant who stifled his opponents by suppressing their civil rights? What if you learned that the man so affectionately referred to as the "Great Emancipator" supported white supremacy and pledged not to interfere with slavery in the South? Would you suddenly start to question everything you thought you knew about Lincoln and his presidency? You should. Thomas J. DiLorenzo, who ignited a fierce debate about Lincoln's legacy with his book *The Real Lincoln*, now presents a litany of stunning new revelations that explode the most enduring (and pernicious) myths about our sixteenth president. Marshaling an astonishing amount of new evidence, *Lincoln Unmasked* offers an alarming portrait of a political manipulator and opportunist who bears little resemblance to the heroic, stoic, and principled figure of mainstream history. Did you know that Lincoln . . . • did NOT save the union? In fact, Lincoln did more than any other individual to destroy the voluntary union the Founding Fathers recognized. • did NOT want to free the slaves? Lincoln, who did not believe in equality of the races, wanted the Constitution to make slavery "irrevocable." • was NOT a champion of the Constitution? Contrary to his high-minded rhetoric, Lincoln repeatedly trampled on the Constitution—and even issued an arrest warrant for the chief justice of the United States! • was NOT a great statesman? Lincoln was actually a warmonger who manipulated his own people into a civil war. • did NOT utter many of his most admired quotations? DiLorenzo exposes a legion of statements that have been

falsely attributed to Lincoln for generations—usually to enhance his image. In addition to detailing Lincoln's offenses against the principles of freedom, equality, and states' rights, *Lincoln Unmasked* exposes the vast network of academics, historians, politicians, and other "gatekeepers" who have sanitized his true beliefs and willfully distorted his legacy. DiLorenzo reveals how the deification of Lincoln reflects a not-so-hidden agenda to expand the size and scope of the American state far beyond what the Founding Fathers envisioned—an expansion that Lincoln himself began. The hagiographers have shaped Lincoln's image to the point that it has become more fiction than fact. With *Lincoln Unmasked*, DiLorenzo shows us an Abraham Lincoln without the rhetoric, lies, and political bias that have clouded a disastrous president's enduring damage to the nation.

abraham lincolns education: *A Just and Generous Nation* Harold Holzer, Norton Garfinkle, 2015-11-03 In *A Just and Generous Nation*, the eminent historian Harold Holzer and the noted economist Norton Garfinkle present a groundbreaking new account of the beliefs that inspired our sixteenth president to go to war when the Southern states seceded from the Union. Rather than a commitment to eradicating slavery or a defense of the Union, they argue, Lincoln's guiding principle was the defense of equal economic opportunity. Lincoln firmly believed that the government's primary role was to ensure that all Americans had the opportunity to better their station in life. As president, he worked tirelessly to enshrine this ideal within the federal government. He funded railroads and canals, supported education, and, most importantly, issued the Emancipation Proclamation, which opened the door for former slaves to join white Americans in striving for self-improvement. In our own age of unprecedented inequality, *A Just and Generous Nation* reestablishes Lincoln's legacy as the protector not just of personal freedom but of the American dream itself.

abraham lincolns education: *One Must Tell the Bees* Jeffrey Matthews, 2021-05-22 President Lincoln is assassinated in his private box at Ford's! When those harrowing words ring out during a children's entertainment in Washington on the evening of April 14, 1865, a quick-thinking young chemist from England named Johnnie Holmes grabs Tad Lincoln, the 12-year-old son of the dying President, races the boy to safety and soon finds himself enlisted in the most infamous manhunt in history. *One Must Tell the Bees* is the untold story of young Holmes's journey from the streets of London to the White House of Abraham Lincoln and his breathtaking pursuit of John Wilkes Booth in the company of a freed slave named Abraham. It is the very first case of the man who would become known to the world as Sherlock Holmes, and, as readers will discover, it will haunt him until his very last. At a time when Western history is being reexamined and retold, old heroes cast aside and statues torn down, and even the legacy of Abraham Lincoln, the Great Emancipator, is questioned, *One Must Tell the Bees* is a timely reminder that our history deserves to be understood before it is entirely undone.

abraham lincolns education: *The Boys Life of Abraham Lincoln* Helen Nicolay, 2004-09 Purchase one of 1st World Library's Classic Books and help support our free internet library of downloadable eBooks. Visit us online at www.1stWorldLibrary.ORG - - Abraham Lincoln's forefathers were pioneers - men who left their homes to open up the wilderness and make the way plain for others to follow them. For one hundred and seventy years, ever since the first American Lincoln came from England to Massachusetts in 1638, they had been moving slowly westward as new settlements were made in the forest. They faced solitude, privation, and all the dangers and hardships that beset men who take up their homes where only beasts and wild men have had homes before; but they continued to press steadily forward, though they lost fortune and sometimes even life itself, in their westward progress. Back in Pennsylvania and New Jersey some of the Lincolns had been men of wealth and influence. In Kentucky, where the future President was born on February 12, 1809, his parents lived in deep poverty.

abraham lincolns education: *Life on the Circuit with Lincoln* Henry Clay Whitney, 1892 Originally commenced as a pastime, and to please a circle of friends alone, success, in any degree, can only be hoped for, because of my vantage ground as an intimate and close friend of Mr. Lincoln, and because, by reason of such intimacy, of the novelty of some of the facts and deductions, and not,

in any sense, by reason, but in spite of, its literary style or, rather, the lack thereof.--Preface.

abraham lincolns education: The Crooked Path to Abolition: Abraham Lincoln and the Antislavery Constitution James Oakes, 2021-01-12 Finalist for the 2022 Lincoln Prize An award-winning scholar uncovers the guiding principles of Lincoln's antislavery strategies. The long and turning path to the abolition of American slavery has often been attributed to the equivocations and inconsistencies of antislavery leaders, including Lincoln himself. But James Oakes's brilliant history of Lincoln's antislavery strategies reveals a striking consistency and commitment extending over many years. The linchpin of antislavery for Lincoln was the Constitution of the United States. Lincoln adopted the antislavery view that the Constitution made freedom the rule in the United States, slavery the exception. Where federal power prevailed, so did freedom. Where state power prevailed, that state determined the status of slavery, and the federal government could not interfere. It would take state action to achieve the final abolition of American slavery. With this understanding, Lincoln and his antislavery allies used every tool available to undermine the institution. Wherever the Constitution empowered direct federal action—in the western territories, in the District of Columbia, over the slave trade—they intervened. As a congressman in 1849 Lincoln sponsored a bill to abolish slavery in Washington, DC. He reentered politics in 1854 to oppose what he considered the unconstitutional opening of the territories to slavery by the Kansas-Nebraska Act. He attempted to persuade states to abolish slavery by supporting gradual abolition with compensation for slaveholders and the colonization of free Blacks abroad. President Lincoln took full advantage of the antislavery options opened by the Civil War. Enslaved people who escaped to Union lines were declared free. The Emancipation Proclamation, a military order of the president, undermined slavery across the South. It led to abolition by six slave states, which then joined the coalition to affect what Lincoln called the King's cure: state ratification of the constitutional amendment that in 1865 finally abolished slavery.

abraham lincolns education: Political Debates Between Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas in the Celebrated Campaign of 1858 in Illinois Abraham Lincoln, 1895

abraham lincolns education: Learning from Lincoln Harvey B. Alvy, Pamela Robbins, 2010 Explore how today's teachers and education leaders can apply the leadership qualities of Abraham Lincoln to tackle challenges big and small.

abraham lincolns education: Old Abe John Cribb, 2020-09-15 Old Abe, the sweeping historical novel from New York Times bestselling author John Cribb, brings America's greatest president to life the way no other book has before. Old Abe is the story of the last five years of Abraham Lincoln's life, the most cataclysmic years in American history. We are at Lincoln's side on every page as he presses forward amid disaster and fights to save the country. Beginning in the spring of 1860, the story follows Lincoln through his election and the calamity of the Civil War. During the war, he walks bloody battlefields in the North and the South. He peers down the Potomac River with a spyglass amid terrifying reports of approaching Confederate gunboats. Death stalks him: one summer evening, a would-be assassin fires a shot at him, and the bullet passes through his hat. At the White House, he weeps over the body of Willie, his second son to die in childhood. As he tries desperately to hold the Union together, he searches for a general who will fight and finds him at last in Ulysses S. Grant. Amid national and personal tragedy, he struggles to find meaning in the Civil War and bring freedom to Southern slaves. Central to this biographical novel is a love story—the story of Abraham and Mary Todd Lincoln's sometimes stormy yet devoted marriage. Mary's strong will and ambition for her husband have helped drive him to the White House. But the presidency takes an awful toll on her, and she grows increasingly frightened and insecure. Lincoln watches helplessly as she becomes emotionally unstable, and he grasps for ways to support her. As Lincoln's journey unfolds, Old Abe chronicles the final five, tumultuous years of his life until his eventual assassination at the height of power. Full of epic scenes from American history, such as the Gettysburg Address and the signing of the Emancipation Proclamation, it probes the character and spirit of America. Old Abe portrays Lincoln not only as a flesh-and-blood man, but a hero who embodies his country's finest ideals, the hero who sets the United States on track to become a great nation.

abraham lincolns education: The Autobiography of Abraham Lincoln - Scholar's Choice Edition Abraham Lincoln, 2015-02-12 This work has been selected by scholars as being culturally important, and is part of the knowledge base of civilization as we know it. This work was reproduced from the original artifact, and remains as true to the original work as possible. Therefore, you will see the original copyright references, library stamps (as most of these works have been housed in our most important libraries around the world), and other notations in the work. This work is in the public domain in the United States of America, and possibly other nations. Within the United States, you may freely copy and distribute this work, as no entity (individual or corporate) has a copyright on the body of the work. As a reproduction of a historical artifact, this work may contain missing or blurred pages, poor pictures, errant marks, etc. Scholars believe, and we concur, that this work is important enough to be preserved, reproduced, and made generally available to the public. We appreciate your support of the preservation process, and thank you for being an important part of keeping this knowledge alive and relevant.

abraham lincolns education: The Collected Works of Abraham Lincoln: 1858-1860 Abraham Lincoln, 2008-10 The collected letters, speeches, etc. written by Abraham Lincoln.

abraham lincolns education: Abraham Lincoln Through the Eyes of High School Youth Jean Dresden Grambs, 1959

abraham lincolns education: The Education of Abraham Lincoln (Classic Reprint) Martin Luther Houser, 2017-05-22 Excerpt from The Education of Abraham Lincoln Mr. Lincoln himself made many political speeches; and he essayed several times, with varying success, to deliver popular lectures. Herndon says that on one occasion, when Lincoln was advertised to speak at Springfield, there were but two persons in his audience.⁴² Angle has shown this story to be apocryphal; but we can forgive Herndon his error, because it serves to recall a similar incident in the career of Eli Perkins. On one occasion, as that humorist relates, he ploughed through a raging blizzard to a hall where he was to lecture, only to find that but one other man had ventured out. He said: My friend, to show my appreciation for your coming to hear me on such a night, I'm going to give my lecture in full, word for word, just as I would have given it if the hall had been filled with people. Well, all right, said his lone auditor; but I wish you would speak as rapidly as possible; I'm the janitor, and I'm anxious to get home. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

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