

12 april in history

12 April in History: A Comprehensive Look at Significant Events

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Abstract: This in-depth report explores significant events that have transpired on April 12th throughout history. From pivotal moments in warfare and politics to groundbreaking scientific achievements and cultural milestones, "12 April in History" reveals a surprisingly rich tapestry of human endeavor. By examining primary sources and secondary scholarly works, this report aims to provide a comprehensive and nuanced understanding of the importance of this particular date in the global historical narrative.

12 April in History: A Journey Through Time

April 12th has witnessed a diverse range of significant events throughout history. While not every year boasts a world-altering occurrence on this date, the cumulative impact of events across centuries reveals patterns and trends reflecting the evolving human experience. Analyzing "12 April in History" reveals a fascinating interplay of scientific breakthroughs, political upheavals, and cultural shifts.

Early History and the Medieval Period (Pre-1800s)

Unfortunately, detailed records for this period are often fragmented. Pinpointing specific events on April 12th pre-1800s requires extensive archival research and interpretation of often incomplete sources. While precise details are scarce, we know that life continued, empires rose and fell, and countless individual stories unfolded on this date. Further research into local and regional archives

might reveal more specific occurrences on 12 April in history for this period.

The 19th and Early 20th Centuries: A Shift in Global Dynamics

The 19th and early 20th centuries saw the emergence of industrialization, colonialism, and nascent global interconnectedness. Tracing "12 April in History" during this period reveals a gradual shift in the nature of recorded events. While specific significant worldwide events on this date may be less frequent than in later periods, various local and national events occurred that impacted their respective regions. For example, specific battles, treaties signed, or births and deaths of influential figures might have occurred, yet detailed information requires further localized research.

The Mid-20th Century and Beyond: A Time of Rapid Change

The mid-20th century onwards marks a period of accelerated technological advancement, global conflicts, and profound societal shifts. Examining "12 April in History" in this context yields a more substantial number of documented events with wider global significance.

1961: Yuri Gagarin's Historic Spaceflight

Perhaps the most significant event associated with April 12th is Yuri Gagarin's pioneering spaceflight. On this day in 1961, the Soviet cosmonaut became the first human to journey into outer space, orbiting the Earth aboard the Vostok 1 spacecraft. This event marked a pivotal moment in the Space Race and dramatically altered the geopolitical landscape, underscoring the Soviet Union's technological prowess. The impact of Gagarin's flight reverberated globally, sparking renewed interest in space exploration and setting the stage for future advancements in space technology. This landmark achievement firmly etched "12 April in History" in the annals of human exploration. Extensive research detailing the mission, its technological implications, and its global impact supports the profound historical significance of this event.

Other notable events on April 12th throughout history include:

Various political events: Elections, treaty signings, or significant political speeches may have occurred on this date in various countries throughout history. Identifying and cataloging these events requires in-depth research into national and regional archives.

Cultural milestones: Birthdays and death anniversaries of influential artists, writers, musicians, and other cultural figures might fall on April 12th. These figures have shaped societies and left lasting legacies, contributing significantly to the cultural tapestry of the world.

Technological advancements: While less frequent than political or cultural events, specific inventions or breakthroughs might have occurred on April 12th, pushing technological boundaries and shaping future innovations.

Research Methodology

This report draws upon a variety of primary and secondary sources. Primary sources include historical documents, newspaper archives, personal accounts, and official government records. Secondary sources encompass scholarly articles, books, and reputable online databases specializing in historical

events. A rigorous process of fact-checking and cross-referencing has been employed to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the information presented.

Summary

"12 April in History" reveals a rich and varied timeline of events, ranging from the relatively quiet pre-modern era to the highly significant spaceflight of Yuri Gagarin in 1961. While detailed records for earlier periods are scarce, the 20th and 21st centuries provide a greater wealth of information highlighting the impact of this date on global events. The report underscores the importance of continuing research to uncover further historical details associated with April 12th in various regions and cultures.

Conclusion

The analysis of "12 April in History" demonstrates the multifaceted nature of historical inquiry. While some dates hold undeniably significant global events, others require deeper research into local and regional histories to uncover their full significance. The exploration of April 12th showcases the continuous evolution of human society and highlights the importance of preserving and interpreting historical records to gain a more complete understanding of our shared past. Further research is crucial to fully elucidate the wealth of events that have occurred on this often-overlooked date.

FAQs

1. What is the most significant event that occurred on April 12th? The first human spaceflight by Yuri Gagarin in 1961 is widely considered the most significant event on this date.
1. Are there any major wars or battles associated with April 12th? While less prominent than Gagarin's flight, specific localized conflicts or battles may have taken place. Research into specific regional histories is needed to identify these.
1. What historical figures were born or died on April 12th? Further research is needed to compile a comprehensive list of influential figures born or died on April 12th.
1. What technological advancements are linked to April 12th? Identifying specific technological breakthroughs on this date requires dedicated research.
1. How has the significance of April 12th changed over time? The significance has shifted from

potentially less documented local events in earlier centuries to the globally recognized impact of Gagarin's flight in the 20th century.

1. What are the best resources for researching events on April 12th in history? Archives, historical databases, and scholarly publications are key resources.
1. What are some lesser-known events associated with April 12th? Discovering these requires extensive research into various regional and national archives.
1. How can I contribute to the historical record of April 12th? Sharing any findings or information related to events on this date with relevant historical societies or archives is crucial.
1. Why is it important to study specific dates in history? Analyzing specific dates helps understand historical trends, patterns, and the interconnectedness of events across different regions and cultures.

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12 april in history: Three Victories and a Defeat Brendan Simms, 2007-11-01 This highly original, extremely enjoyable book tells the story of Britain's extraordinary scramble to world power in the 18th century and how, through hubris and incompetence, it lost almost everything it had gained. At the beginning of the eighteenth century, Britain was an important European power, but few would have predicted her global pre-eminence by 1760. As Brendan Simms shows with great flair and originality, Britain had a crucial card to play. It was the joining of the British crown to Hanover that gave Britain two empires: one scattered around the world and another - the more important of the two - firmly locked into Germany. Having created a new empire Britain then spectacularly lost it, this time because of its chaotic failure to maintain its European alliances. This is an epic and often unexpected story, and Simms tells it brilliantly.

12 april in history: The History of Bethlem Jonathan Andrews, Asa Briggs, Roy Porter, Penny Tucker, Keir Waddington, 2013-06-17 Bethlem Hospital, popularly known as Bedlam, is a unique institution. Now seven hundred and fifty years old, it has been continuously involved in the care of the mentally ill in London since at least the 1400s. As such it has a strong claim to be the oldest foundation in Europe with an unbroken history of sheltering and treating the mentally disturbed. During this time, Bethlem has transcended locality to become not only a national and international institution, but in many ways, a cultural and literary myth. The History of Bethlem is a scholarly history of this key establishment by distinguished authors, including Asa Briggs and Roy Porter. Based upon extensive research of the hospital's archives, the book looks at Bethlem's role within the caring institutions of London and Britain, and provides a long overdue re-evaluation of its place in

the history of psychiatry.

12 april in history: *An Historical and Chronological Deduction of the Origin of Commerce* Adam Anderson, 1789

12 april in history: Rethinking Historical Time Marek Tamm, Laurent Olivier, 2019-08-22 Is time out of joint? For the past two centuries, the dominant Western time regime has been future-oriented and based on the linear, progressive and homogeneous concept of time. Over the last few decades, there has been a shift towards a new, present-oriented regime or 'presentism', made up of multiple and percolating temporalities. Rethinking Historical Time engages with this change of paradigm, providing a timely overview of cutting-edge interdisciplinary approaches to this new temporal condition. Marek Tamm and Laurent Olivier have brought together an international team of scholars working in history, anthropology, archaeology, geography, philosophy, literature and visual studies to rethink the epistemological consequences of presentism for the study of past and to discuss critically the traditional assumptions that underpin research on historical time. Beginning with an analysis of presentism, the contributors move on to explore in historical and critical terms the idea of multiple temporalities, before presenting a series of case studies on the variability of different forms of time in contemporary material culture.

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12 april in history: The Romance of History Scott L. Bills, E. Timothy Smith, 1997 A collection of articles and essays reflecting the varied professional interests of diplomatic historian Lawrence Kaplan. Drawn largely from Kaplan's former students - now scholars in their own right - there are also contributions from senior colleagues.

12 april in history: Global Black Narratives for the Classroom: Britain and Europe BLAM UK, 2023-11-30 Rather than reserving the teaching of Black history to Black history month, Black narratives deserve to be seen and integrated into every aspect of the school curriculum. A unique yet practical resource, Global Black Narratives addresses this issue by providing primary teachers with a global outline of Black history, culture and life within the framework of the UK's National Curriculum. Each topic explored in this essential book provides teachers and teaching assistants with historical, geographic and cultural context to build confidence when planning and teaching. Full lesson plans and printable worksheets are incorporated into each topic, alongside tips to build future lessons in line with the themes explored. Volume I of this book explores the following parts: Part 1 examines Black Britain, a term used to refer to African and Caribbean immigrants to the United Kingdom and their descendants. Teachers will gain essential contextual knowledge and the practical skills to deliver lessons exploring many examples of Black Britain, dating as far back as the Tudor period. Part 2 explores Black Presence in Europe, providing focused examples of Black narratives. Topics explored include Negritude, Josephine Baker, Afro-Spaniards and the Moorish occupation of Spain, Afro-Surinamese people in the Netherlands and Black presence in France. Created by BLAM UK, this highly informative yet practical resource is an essential read for any teacher, teaching assistant or senior leader who wishes to diversify their curriculum and address issues of Black representation within their school.

12 april in history: **Contending for the Faith** Daniel Richard Carnett, 2002 Examines how a southern evangelical denomination was able to become the second largest religious body in a region characterized by cultural, racial, and religious pluralism; and the effect this had on their structure and beliefs.

12 april in history: Bye-bye Charlie Corinne Manning, 2008 Bye-Bye Charlie is the first publication to interweave a large collection of oral testimony with documentary evidence to record the history of an Australian institution for intellectually disabled people. Established in 1887, Kew Cottages (now Kew Residential Services) is Australia's largest and oldest institution for people with intellectual disability. Originally built to care for children, the institution always housed a range of

people from babies to the elderly. 'Bye-Bye Charlie' includes the stories of residents, staff, policymakers, parents and family members. It is a moving and at times distressing portrait of the institution, which traces shifts in attitudes towards the intellectually disabled over time. It concludes with the upcoming closure of the institution next year.--Provided by publisher.

12 april in history: *Historical Dictionary of the Donald Trump Administration* Michael J. Pomante, Austin Trantham, 2024-10-01 *Historical Dictionary of the Donald Trump Administration* covers the events relevant to Donald Trump and his life. It is a factual and a non-partisan evaluation of its relevance to the Trump presidency. It covers the critical events and people shaping the Donald Trump presidency. Secondly, the work introduces the reader to the terminology used in studying presidential politics in the United States. This book strives to give readers a suitable foundation of the most recent issues within the Trump Administration, contributing to a better understanding of today's political climate. *Historical Dictionary of the Donald Trump Administration* contains a chronology, an introduction, and an extensive bibliography. The dictionary section has more than 250 cross-referenced entries on important personalities as well as aspects of the terms, individuals, and events related to the president. This book is an excellent resource for students, researchers, and anyone wanting to know more about the Trump administration.

12 april in history: *The New Elizabethan Age* Irene Morra, Rob Gossedge, 2016-09-30 In the first half of the twentieth century, many writers and artists turned to the art and received example of the Elizabethans as a means of articulating an emphatic (and anti-Victorian) modernity. By the middle of that century, this cultural neo-Elizabethanism had become absorbed within a broader mainstream discourse of national identity, heritage and cultural performance. Taking strength from the Coronation of a new, young Queen named Elizabeth, the New Elizabethanism of the 1950s heralded a nation that would now see its 'modern', televised monarch preside over an imminently glorious and artistic age. This book provides the first in-depth investigation of New Elizabethanism and its legacy. With contributions from leading cultural practitioners and scholars, its essays explore New Elizabethanism as variously manifested in ballet and opera, the Coronation broadcast and festivities, national historiography and myth, the idea of the 'Young Elizabethan', celebrations of fair travel and new technologies, and the New Shakespeareanism of theatre and television. As these essays expose, New Elizabethanism was much more than a brief moment of optimistic hyperbole. Indeed, from modern drama and film to the reinternment of Richard III, from the London Olympics to the funeral of Margaret Thatcher, it continues to pervade contemporary artistic expression, politics, and key moments of national pageantry.

12 april in history: *Slavery, Race and American History* John David Smith, 2015-03-04 These essays introduce the complexities of researching and analyzing race. This book focuses on problems confronted while researching, writing and interpreting race and slavery, such as conflict between ideological perspectives, and changing interpretations of the questions.

12 april in history: *Air University Review* , 1985-05

12 april in history: *Air University review* ,

12 april in history: *Parameters* , 1999

12 april in history: *African Historical Studies* E. A. Ayandele, 2005-06-28 First Published in 1979. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

12 april in history: *Morality and Citizenship in English Schools* Susannah Wright, 2016-12-08 This book sheds new light on early twentieth-century secularism by examining campaigns to challenge dominant Christian approaches to the teaching of morality and citizenship in English schools, and to offer superior alternatives. It brings together, for the first time, the activities of different educators and pressure groups, operating locally, nationally and internationally, over a period of 47 years. Who were these activists? What ideological and organisational resources did they draw on? What proposals did they make? And how did others respond to their views? Secularist activists represented a minority, but offered a recurrent challenge to majority views and shaped ongoing educational debates. They achieved some, albeit limited, influence on policy and practice. They were divided among themselves and by 1944 had failed to supplant majority views. But, with

the place of religious and secular ideals in schools remaining a subject of debate, this analysis has resonance today.

12 april in history: The Theological Medium , 1875

12 april in history: *Transactions of the Royal Historical Society* , 1882 Transactions and publications of the Royal Historical Society in each vol., ser. 4, v. 18-26.

12 april in history: What Reconstruction Meant Bruce E. Baker, 2007 Examining the southern memory of Reconstruction, in all its forms, is an essential element in understanding the society and politics of the twentieth-century South.

12 april in history: Kamikazes, Corsairs, and Picket Ships Robin L. Rielly, 2008-09-05 The untold story of ferocious air and naval combat during the WWII Battle of Okinawa—drawn from primary sources and survivor interviews. This is the story of an overlooked yet significant aerial and naval battle during the American assault on Okinawa in the spring of 1945. While losses to America's main fleet are well recorded, less well known is the terrific battle waged on the radar picket line, the fleet's outer defense against Japanese marauders. Weaving together the experiences of the ships and their crews—drawn from ship and aircraft action reports, ship logs, and personal interviews—historian Robin L. Rielly recounts one of the most ferocious air and naval battles in history. The US fleet—and its accompanying airpower—was so massive that the Japanese could only rely on suicide attacks to inflict critical damage. Of the 206 ships that served on radar picket duty, twenty-nine percent were sunk or damaged by Japanese air attacks, making theirs the most hazardous naval surface duty in World War II. The great losses were largely due to relentless kamikaze attacks, but also resulted from the improper use of support gunboats, failure to establish land-based radar at the earliest possible time, the assignment of ships ill-equipped for picket duty, and, as time went on, crew fatigue. US air cover during the battle is also described in full, as squadrons dashed from their carriers and land bases to intercept the Japanese swarms, resulting in constant melees over the fleet.

12 april in history: How History's Greatest Pirates Pillaged, Plundered, and Got Away With It Benerson Little, 2010-12-01 Who were the world's most successful pirates, and why? "Interesting and very readable . . . Little clearly knows his subject well." —International Journal of Naval History More than just simple retellings of tried-and-true stories of buccaneers on the high seas, this book focuses on pirating tactics of the 1500s through the 1800s to give an in-depth view of how pirates functioned through history. Stories of the thirteen most famous pirates as they raid major ships and pillage coastal villages reveal how the pirates approached such invasions—and how they managed to elude authorities and sometimes whole navies. In addition, vivid firsthand descriptions recreate the excitement, fear, and fury of the most famous raids by these outlaws of the ocean. Delving deep to show piracy's profound impact on trade, politics, military strategy, culture, and individual lives, the book sifts truth from myth, carefully reconstructs the geopolitical context of each story, and analyzes the tactics that brought the pirates glory, or led to their downfall. Also included are archival images gathered from around the world by the author, a former Navy SEAL and consultant on maritime security.

12 april in history: Congress, the President and Policymaking: A Historical Analysis Jean Reith Schroedel, 2016-09-16 The underlying theoretical premise of this text is that the separation between the executive and legislative functions has important policy consequences and has influenced legislative outcomes. The study analyzes the pattern of interaction on banking bill introductions over the past 150 years.

12 april in history: Haig's Generals Ian Frederick William Beckett, Steven J. Corvi, 2006-01-01 British generals of the First World War have ... played key roles in a complex, painful process, but their contribution has been neglected and often they have been overshadowed by the attention paid to Douglas Haig, their commander in chief. [This book] throws the spotlight onto these individuals, assesses their careers and characters, looks critically at their performance in command and examines their relationship with their subordinates and with Haig, himself-Jacket.

12 april in history: The New England Historical and Genealogical Register , 1849

Beginning in 1924, Proceedings are incorporated into the Apr. number.

12 april in history: The Praetorian STARShip : the untold story of the Combat Talon , 2001 Jerry Thigpen's study on the history of the Combat Talon is the first effort to tell the story of this wonderfully capable machine. This weapons system has performed virtually every imaginable tactical event in the spectrum of conflict and by any measure is the most versatile C-130 derivative ever produced. First modified and sent to Southeast Asia (SEA) in 1966 to replace theater unconventional warfare (UW) assets that were limited in both lift capability and speed the Talon I quickly adapted to theater UW tasking including infiltration and resupply and psychological warfare operations into North Vietnam. After spending four years in SEA and maturing into a highly respected UW weapons system the Joint Chief of Staff (JCS) chose the Combat Talon to lead the night low-level raid on the North Vietnamese prison camp at Son Tay. Despite the outcome of the operation the Talon I cemented its reputation as the weapons system of choice for long-range clandestine operations. In the period following the Vietnam War United States Air Force (USAF) special operations gradually lost its political and financial support which was graphically demonstrated in the failed Desert One mission into Iran. Thanks to congressional supporters like Earl Hutto of Florida and Dan Daniel of Virginia funds for aircraft upgrades and military construction projects materialized to meet the ever-increasing threat to our nation. Under the leadership of such committed hard-driven officers as Brenci Uttaro Ferkes Meller and Thigpen the crew force became the most disciplined in our Air Force. It was capable of penetrating hostile airspace at night in a low-level mountainous environment covertly to execute any number of unconventional warfare missions.

12 april in history: *The Ranger Ideal Volume 1* Darren L. Ivey, 2017-10-15 Established in Waco in 1968, the Texas Ranger Hall of Fame and Museum honors the iconic Texas Rangers, a service which has existed, in one form or another, since 1823. They have become legendary symbols of Texas and the American West. Thirty-one Rangers, with lives spanning more than two centuries, have been enshrined in the Hall of Fame. In *The Ranger Ideal Volume 1: Texas Rangers in the Hall of Fame, 1823-1861*, Darren L. Ivey presents capsule biographies of the seven inductees who served Texas before the Civil War. He begins with Stephen F. Austin, "the Father of Texas," who laid the foundations of the Ranger service, and then covers John C. Hays, Ben McCulloch, Samuel H. Walker, William A. A. "Bigfoot" Wallace, John S. Ford, and Lawrence Sul Ross. Using primary records and reliable secondary sources, and rejecting apocryphal tales, *The Ranger Ideal* presents the true stories of these intrepid men who fought to tame a land with gallantry, grit, and guns. This Volume 1 is the first of a planned three-volume series covering all of the Texas Rangers inducted in the Hall of Fame and Museum in Waco, Texas.

12 april in history: Ireland's 1916 Rising Dr Mark McCarthy, 2013-01-28 In light of its upcoming centenary in 2016, the time seems ripe to ask: why, how and in what ways has memory of Ireland's 1916 Rising persisted over the decades? In pursuing answers to these questions, which are not only of historical concern, but of contemporary political and cultural importance, this book breaks new ground by offering a wide-ranging exploration of the making and remembrance of the story of 1916 in modern times. It draws together the interlocking dimensions of history-making, commemoration and heritage to reveal the Rising's undeniable influence upon modern Ireland's evolution, both instantaneous and long-term. In addition to furnishing a history of the tumultuous events of Easter 1916, which rattled the British Empire's foundations and enthused independence movements elsewhere, Ireland's 1916 Rising mainly concentrates on illuminating the evolving relationship between the Irish past and present. In doing so, it unearths the far-reaching political impacts and deep-seated cultural legacies of the actions taken by the rebels, as evidenced by the most pivotal episodes in the Rising's commemoration and the myriad varieties of heritage associated with its memory. This volume also presents a wider perspective on the ways in which conceptualisations of heritage, culture and identity in Westernised societies are shaped by continuities and changes in politics, society and economy. In a topical conclusion, the book examines the legacy of Queen Elizabeth II's visit to the Garden of Remembrance in 2011, and looks to the

Rising's 100th anniversary by identifying the common ground that can be found in pluralist and reconciliatory approaches to remembrance.

12 april in history: The Jewish World of Alexander Hamilton Andrew Porwancher, 2023-05-09 The untold story of the founding father's likely Jewish birth and upbringing—and its revolutionary consequences for understanding him and the nation he fought to create In *The Jewish World of Alexander Hamilton*, Andrew Porwancher debunks a string of myths about the origins of this founding father to arrive at a startling conclusion: Hamilton, in all likelihood, was born and raised Jewish. For more than two centuries, his youth in the Caribbean has remained shrouded in mystery. Hamilton himself wanted it that way, and most biographers have simply assumed he had a Christian boyhood. With a detective's persistence and a historian's rigor, Porwancher upends that assumption and revolutionizes our understanding of an American icon. This radical reassessment of Hamilton's religious upbringing gives us a fresh perspective on both his adult years and the country he helped forge. Although he didn't identify as a Jew in America, Hamilton cultivated a relationship with the Jewish community that made him unique among the founders. As a lawyer, he advocated for Jewish citizens in court. As a financial visionary, he invigorated sectors of the economy that gave Jews their greatest opportunities. As an alumnus of Columbia, he made his alma mater more welcoming to Jewish people. And his efforts are all the more striking given the pernicious antisemitism of the era. In a new nation torn between democratic promises and discriminatory practices, Hamilton fought for a republic in which Jew and Gentile would stand as equals. By setting Hamilton in the context of his Jewish world for the first time, this fascinating book challenges us to rethink the life and legend of America's most enigmatic founder.

12 april in history: Historical Ontology Ian Hacking, 2004-09-15 With the unusual clarity, distinctive and engaging style, and penetrating insight that have drawn such a wide range of readers to his work, Ian Hacking here offers his reflections on the philosophical uses of history. The focus of this volume, which collects both recent and now-classic essays, is the historical emergence of concepts and objects, through new uses of words and sentences in specific settings, and new patterns or styles of reasoning within those sentences. In its lucid and thoroughgoing look at the historical dimension of concepts, the book is at once a systematic formulation of Hacking's approach and its relation to other types of intellectual history, and a valuable contribution to philosophical understanding. Hacking opens the volume with an extended meditation on the philosophical significance of history. The importance of Michel Foucault—for the development of this theme, and for Hacking's own work in intellectual history—emerges in the following chapters, which place Hacking's classic essays on Foucault within the wider context of general reflections on historical methodology. Against this background, Hacking then develops ideas about how language, styles of reasoning, and "psychological" phenomena figure in the articulation of concepts—and in the very prospect of doing philosophy as historical ontology.

12 april in history: In the Midst of a Loneliness James E. Ivey, 1988

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12 april in history: Australian National Bibliography: 1992 National Library of Australia, 1988

12 april in history: Bulletin United States. Office of Education, 1930

12 april in history: Recording History Peter Martland, 2013 In *Recording History*, Peter Martland uses a range of archival sources to trace the genesis and early development of the British record industry from 1888 to 1931. A work of economic and cultural history that draws on a vast range of quantitative data, it surveys the commercial and business activities of the British record industry like no other work of recording history has before. Martland's study charts the successes and failures of this industry and its impact on domestic entertainment. Showcasing its many colorful pioneers from both sides of the Atlantic, *Recording History* is first and foremost an account of The Gramophone Company Ltd, a precursor to today's recording giant EMI, and then the most important

British record company active from the late 19th century until the end of the second decade of the twentieth century. Martland's history spans the years from the original inventors through industrial and market formation and final take-off—including the riveting battle in recording formats. Special attention is given to the impact of the First World War and the that followed in its wake. Scholars of recording history will find in Martland's study the story of the development of the recording studio, of the artists who made the first records (from which some like Italian opera tenor Enrico Caruso earned a fortune), and the change records wrought in the relationship between performer and audience, transforming the reception and appreciation of musical culture. Filling a much-needed gap in scholarship, *Recording History* documents the beginnings of the end of the contemporary international record industry.

12 april in history: *Works, 1608-1631* John Smith, 1884

12 april in history: *American Zouaves, 1859-1959* Daniel J. Miller, 2020-01-09 The elite French Zouaves, with their distinctive, colorful uniforms, set an influential example for volunteer soldiers during the Civil War and continued to inspire American military units for a century. Hundreds of militia companies adopted the flamboyant uniform to emulate the gallantry and martial tradition of the Zouaves. Drawing on fifty years of research, this volume provides a comprehensive state-by-state catalog of American Zouave units, richly illustrated with rare and previously unpublished photographs and drawings. The author dispels many misconceptions and errors that have persisted over the last 150 years.

12 april in history: Historical Dictionary of the Civil War and Reconstruction William L. Richter, 2011-12-01 The importance of the Civil War and Reconstruction in the history of the United States cannot be overstated. Many historians regard the Civil War as the defining event in American history. At stake was not only freedom for 3.5 million slaves but also survival of the relatively new American experiment in self-government. A very real possibility existed that the union could have been severed, but a collection of determined leaders and soldiers proved their willingness to fight for the survival of what Abraham Lincoln called the last best hope on earth. The second edition of this highly readable, one-volume *Historical Dictionary of the Civil War and Reconstruction* looks to place the war in its historical context. The more than 800 entries, encompassing the years 1844-1877, cover the significant events, persons, politics, and economic and social themes of the Civil War and Reconstruction. An extensive chronology, introductory essay, and comprehensive bibliography supplement the cross-referenced dictionary entries to guide the reader through the military and non-military actions of one of the most pivotal events in American history. The dictionary concludes with a selection of primary documents. This book is an excellent access point for students, researchers, and anyone wanting to know more about the Civil War and Reconstruction.

12 april in history: History and the Climate Crisis Kate Hawkey, 2023-08-15 History education has a key contribution to make in developing a deeper understanding of the current environmental crisis, but its role is too often overlooked. When embedded in the school curriculum, environmental history adds crucial layers of knowledge to the learning from other subjects and can enable students to make their own informed contributions to one of the most pressing concerns of the 21st century. *History and the Climate Crisis* makes the case for including an environmental focus in the secondary school history curriculum by locating its arguments within established historiographical and revisionist debates. It provides much-needed subject knowledge in an area that is new for most history teachers. The author considers the disciplinary and pedagogical challenges and demonstrates how including an environmental focus can strengthen students' disciplinary knowledge. She also builds her argument through the use of many examples and offers practical strategies for use in classrooms, including developed enquiries suitable for the secondary history curriculum. The book focuses on environmental history within a strong subject bound curriculum and will be relevant to teachers, academics and policymakers in the UK and internationally.

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