

26th special tactics squadron

The 26th Special Tactics Squadron: A Critical Analysis of its Impact on Modern Warfare

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Summary: This analysis examines the 26th Special Tactics Squadron's evolving role in modern warfare, highlighting its contributions to special operations, its adaptation to contemporary threats, and its impact on future trends in military strategy. The analysis emphasizes the squadron's unique capabilities and explores the challenges and opportunities it faces in an increasingly complex global security environment.

1. Introduction: The Enduring Legacy of the 26th Special Tactics Squadron

The 26th Special Tactics Squadron (STS) stands as a testament to the Air Force's commitment to special operations. Established with a rich history dating back to World War II, the 26th STS has consistently evolved, adapting its tactics and capabilities to meet the ever-changing demands of the battlefield. This analysis will delve into the squadron's significant contributions to contemporary military operations, focusing on its impact on current trends in special operations, counterterrorism, and future warfare. The 26th STS, operating under the umbrella of Air Force Special Operations Command (AFSOC), uniquely bridges the gap between air power and ground forces, providing invaluable expertise in tactical air control, close air support coordination, and specialized reconnaissance.

2. Core Capabilities and Operational Roles of the 26th Special Tactics Squadron

The 26th STS comprises highly skilled personnel trained in diverse specializations, including Combat Control Teams (CCT), Tactical Air Control Parties (TACP), and Pararescue (PJ). These operators possess exceptional skills in air traffic control, precision strike coordination, combat search and rescue, and direct action. The 26th STS's distinctive capabilities are crucial in a variety of operational contexts:

Precision Air Strikes: The squadron's expertise in forward air control ensures the accurate and timely delivery of air power, minimizing collateral damage and maximizing battlefield effectiveness. The 26th STS's ability to accurately call in air strikes in complex environments is a critical factor in modern warfare.

Special Reconnaissance: The 26th STS conducts reconnaissance missions in hostile environments, gathering vital intelligence to inform operational planning and decision-making. This capability is paramount in asymmetric warfare scenarios, where situational awareness is crucial.

Combat Search and Rescue (CSAR): The integrated nature of the 26th STS, including PJ capabilities, enables rapid response and efficient execution of CSAR operations, rescuing downed pilots and other personnel in high-risk environments.

Direct Action: While primarily focused on enabling other forces, the 26th STS also possesses the skills and training for direct action missions, often in support of larger special operations tasks.

3. The 26th Special Tactics Squadron and the War on Terror

The 26th STS played a pivotal role in the War on Terror, deploying extensively to Afghanistan and Iraq. The squadron's expertise in establishing airfields in austere environments, controlling air traffic in contested airspace, and providing close air support was instrumental to numerous successful operations. The adaptability of the 26th STS to the irregular warfare landscape of the War on Terror demonstrated its capacity to operate effectively in diverse and challenging environments. The experience gained during this period significantly shaped the squadron's operational doctrines and capabilities.

4. Adapting to Contemporary Threats: The 26th Special Tactics Squadron in the Modern Era

The evolving nature of global threats necessitates continuous adaptation. The

26th STS is actively addressing the challenges presented by new forms of warfare, including cyber warfare, hybrid warfare, and the increasing sophistication of non-state actors. This involves enhancing its capabilities in intelligence gathering, cyber security, and working closely with interagency partners. The 26th STS is continually refining its training and equipment to meet these evolving challenges.

5. Future Trends and the Role of the 26th Special Tactics Squadron

The future operational environment will likely feature increased reliance on technology, autonomous systems, and enhanced information sharing. The 26th STS is investing in these areas, integrating advanced technology into its operational procedures and enhancing its ability to process and analyze large volumes of data. The squadron's future success hinges on its ability to maintain its agility, adapt to new technologies, and continue collaborating effectively with other branches of the military and international partners. The 26th Special Tactics Squadron's continued innovation and adaptation will be vital in ensuring its continued effectiveness in future conflicts.

6. Conclusion

The 26th Special Tactics Squadron represents a crucial component of the US Air Force's special operations capability. Its unique blend of skills and experience allows it to operate effectively across a wide spectrum of missions. The squadron's adaptability, innovative spirit, and commitment to excellence position it as a key asset in shaping the future of special operations and maintaining US military dominance in a complex and constantly evolving global security landscape. The 26th STS will undoubtedly continue to play a vital role in future conflicts and operations, adapting its capabilities and strategies to meet the challenges that lie ahead.

FAQs

1. What is the primary mission of the 26th Special Tactics Squadron? The 26th STS's primary mission is to provide special operations forces with air control, close air support coordination, and special reconnaissance capabilities.
1. What types of personnel serve in the 26th STS? The squadron comprises Combat Controllers (CCT), Tactical Air Control Party (TACP) specialists, and Pararescuemen (PJ).

1. What is the difference between CCT and TACP personnel? While both provide air control, CCTs focus on establishing and controlling airfields in austere environments, while TACPs are primarily focused on controlling close air support for ground forces.
1. How does the 26th STS contribute to counterterrorism efforts? The squadron's expertise in reconnaissance, close air support, and direct action makes it a valuable asset in counterterrorism operations.
1. What role does technology play in the 26th STS's operations? The 26th STS integrates advanced technologies such as precision guided munitions, unmanned aerial vehicles, and advanced communication systems to enhance its operational effectiveness.
1. What is the selection process for joining the 26th STS? Selection is extremely rigorous and competitive, requiring exceptional physical fitness, mental toughness, and specialized skills.
1. What training do 26th STS personnel undergo? Training is extensive and demanding, encompassing various special warfare skills, including air traffic control, weapons handling, survival techniques, and combat medical skills.
1. How does the 26th STS collaborate with other units? The 26th STS works closely with various units, including Army Rangers, Navy SEALs, and other special operations forces, as well as conventional military forces.
1. What is the future outlook for the 26th STS? The 26th STS is expected to continue adapting its capabilities to meet future threats and challenges, emphasizing technological advancements, improved interoperability, and enhanced training programs.

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26th special tactics squadron: *The Praetorian STARShip : the untold story of the Combat Talon*, 2001 Jerry Thigpen's study on the history of the Combat Talon is the first effort to tell the story of this wonderfully capable machine. This weapons system has performed virtually every imaginable tactical event in the spectrum of conflict and by any measure is the most versatile C-130 derivative ever produced. First modified and sent to Southeast Asia (SEA) in 1966 to replace theater unconventional warfare (UW) assets that were limited in both lift capability and speed the Talon I quickly adapted to theater UW tasking including infiltration and resupply and psychological warfare operations into North Vietnam. After spending four years in SEA and maturing into a highly respected UW weapons system the Joint Chief of Staff (JCS) chose the Combat Talon to lead the night low-level raid on the North Vietnamese prison camp at Son Tay. Despite the outcome of the operation the Talon I cemented its reputation as the weapons system of choice for long-range clandestine operations. In the period following the Vietnam War United States Air Force (USAF) special operations gradually lost its political and financial support which was graphically demonstrated in the failed Desert One mission into Iran. Thanks to congressional supporters like Earl Hutto of Florida and Dan Daniel of Virginia funds for aircraft upgrades and military construction projects materialized to meet the ever-increasing threat to our nation. Under the leadership of such committed hard-driven officers as Brenci Uttaro Ferkes Meller and Thigpen the crew force became the most disciplined in our Air Force. It was capable of penetrating hostile airspace at night in a low-level mountainous environment covertly to execute any number of unconventional warfare missions.

26th special tactics squadron: Combat Squadrons of the Air Force; World War II. United States. USAF Historical Division, 1969 This collection of squadron histories has been prepared by the USAF Historical Division to complement the Division's book, Air Force Combat Units of World War II. The 1,226 units covered by this volume are the combat (tactical) squadrons that were active between 7 December 1941 and 2 September 1945. Each squadron is traced from its beginning through 5 March 1963, the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the 1st Aero (later Bombardment) Squadron, the first Army unit to be equipped with aircraft for tactical operations. For each squadron there is a statement of the official lineage and data on the unit's assignments, stations, aircraft and missiles, operations, service streamers, campaign participation, decorations, and emblem.

26th special tactics squadron: *U.S. Air Force Special Tactics Combat Control School Heritage Foundation*, 2022-11-08 The CCT - The Eye of the Storm-series chronicles the exploits of Air Force Special Warfare, Combat Control Teams (CCT). It is told in the form of short stories; many etched by a cocktail of blood, sweat and tears. The Combat Control story began in the de facto Volume I with the appearance of the first CCTs; i.e., command and control teams cobbled together by the WWII U.S. Army Air Force (USAAF) for Operation Varsity. The CCT story continued in Volume II, detailing the 21st Century fight in the Global War on Terrorism (GWOT). Included are two humanitarian

missions; operations of epic proportion in Haiti and Japan. In this third volume subtitled - Medal of Honor (MOH) - the CCT story is expanded, incorporating the two previously self-published volumes and adding hundreds of new stories from around the globe. But, with a concentration on operations in southwest Asia; including Afghanistan; now America's longest war. This volume is an all-inclusive compilation presented as a single, premium publication. The diversity of feature stories, subjects and styles present a well-rounded, unbiased look at the CCT's view at "the eye of the storm." Each published PA reporter and volunteer contributor has a by-line in the book. Thanks to all for their remarkable journalistic work. The book is expected to engage a wider-ranging audience of American and allied military elements, families, historians and enthusiasts. More importantly, Medal of Honor celebrates the first-ever award of the Air Force Medal of Honor to a Combat Control patriot and hero. On April 20, 2018 after more than fifteen years technical review and Air Staff deliberation the Medal of Honor for TSgt John Chapman was approved by President Donald Trump. The MOH award ceremonies and associated events are covered in detail near the end of this book. In preparing CCT - The Eye of the Storm - Medal of Honor, the goal was to collect stories from hundreds of sources, written by an even larger band of vetted professionals selected to observe, record and report truths about military units in action. In my mind the U.S. Government Public Affairs Offices were the perfect choice. For that reason, you will find hundreds of PA-generated stories used herein. Through our collective efforts we have published a fair and accurate chronical of USAF Combat Control Team's stories; exploiting the public domain and declassified accounts. This is a documentary of Air Force Combat Control Teams operating at The Eye of the Storm. Subtitled Medal of Honor; it is the most in-depth CCT history ever published.

26th special tactics squadron: Air Force Combat Units of World War II Maurer Maurer, 1961

26th special tactics squadron: Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations for 2016 United States. Congress. House. Committee on Appropriations. Subcommittee on Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies, 2015

26th special tactics squadron: *Weapon of Choice* , 2003 The purpose of this book is to share Army special operations soldier stories with the general American public to show them what various elements accomplished during the war to drive the Taliban from power and to destroy al-Qaeda and Taliban strongholds in Afghanistan as part of the global war on terrorism. The purpose of the book is not to resolve Army special operations doctrinal issues, to clarify or update military definitions, or to be the 'definitive' history of the continuing unconventional war in Afghanistan. The purpose is to demonstrate how the war to drive the Taliban from power, help the Afghan people, and assist the Afghan Interim Authority (AIA) rebuild the country afterward was successfully accomplished by majors, captains, warrant officers, and sergeants on tactical teams and aircrews at the lowest levels ... This historical project is not intended to be the definitive study of the war in Afghanistan. It is a 'snapshot' of the war from 11 September 2001 until the middle of May 2002--Page xv.

26th special tactics squadron: Special Operations Association , 2006-01-31

26th special tactics squadron: No Room for Error John T. Carney, Benjamin F. Schemmer, 2002 Part memoir and part history. No Room For Error is all action and adventure as it describes the creation and harrowing missions performed by the US Air Forces Special Tactics Units as told by its first commanding officer.

26th special tactics squadron: Command Of The Air General Giulio Douhet, 2014-08-15 In the pantheon of air power spokesmen, Giulio Douhet holds center stage. His writings, more often cited than perhaps actually read, appear as excerpts and aphorisms in the writings of numerous other air power spokesmen, advocates-and critics. Though a highly controversial figure, the very controversy that surrounds him offers to us a testimonial of the value and depth of his work, and the need for airmen today to become familiar with his thought. The progressive development of air power to the point where, today, it is more correct to refer to aerospace power has not outdated the notions of Douhet in the slightest In fact, in many ways, the kinds of technological capabilities that we enjoy as a global air power provider attest to the breadth of his vision. Douhet, together with Hugh "Boom" Trenchard of Great Britain and William "Billy" Mitchell of the United States, is justly recognized as

one of the three great spokesmen of the early air power era. This reprint is offered in the spirit of continuing the dialogue that Douhet himself so perceptively began with the first edition of this book, published in 1921. Readers may well find much that they disagree with in this book, but also much that is of enduring value. The vital necessity of Douhet's central vision—that command of the air is all important in modern warfare—has been proven throughout the history of wars in this century, from the fighting over the Somme to the air war over Kuwait and Iraq.

26th special tactics squadron: Not a Good Day to Die Sean Naylor, 2005-03-01

Award-winning combat journalist Sean Naylor reveals a firsthand account of the largest battle fought by American military forces in Afghanistan in an attempt to destroy al-Qaeda and Taliban forces. At dawn on March 2, 2002, America's first major battle of the 21st century began. Over 200 soldiers of the 101st Airborne and 10th Mountain Division flew into Afghanistan's Shah-i-Kot Valley—and into the mouth of a buzz saw. They were about to pay a bloody price for strategic, high-level miscalculations that underestimated the enemy's strength and willingness to fight. Naylor, an eyewitness to the battle, details the failures of military intelligence and planning, while vividly portraying the astonishing heroism of these young, untested US soldiers. Denied the extra support with which they trained, these troops nevertheless proved their worth in brutal combat and prevented an American military disaster.

26th special tactics squadron: Apollo's Warriors Michael E. Haas, 1998-05 Presenting a fascinating insider's view of U.S.A.F. special operations, this volume brings to life the critical contributions these forces have made to the exercise of air & space power. Focusing in particular on the period between the Korean War & the Indochina wars of 1950-1979, the accounts of numerous missions are profusely illustrated with photos & maps. Includes a discussion of AF operations in Europe during WWII, as well as profiles of Air Commandos who performed above & beyond the call of duty. Reflects on the need for financial & political support for restoration of the forces. Bibliography. Extensive photos & maps. Charts & tables.

26th special tactics squadron: Special Ops- America's Elite Forces in 21st Century Combat Fred J. Pushies, 2003

26th special tactics squadron: Operation Just Cause Ronald H. Cole, 1995

26th special tactics squadron: Air Base Defense in the Republic of Vietnam, 1961-1973 Roger P. Fox, 1979

26th special tactics squadron: Morality and Ethics at War Deane-Peter Baker, 2020-09-03 In *Morality and Ethics of War*, which includes a foreword by Major General Susan Coyle, ethicist Deane-Peter Baker goes beyond existing treatments of military ethics to address a fundamental problem: the yawning gap between the diverse moral frameworks defining personal identity on the one hand, and the professional military ethic on the other. Baker argues that overcoming this chasm is essential to minimising the ethical risks that can lead to operational and strategic failure for military forces engaged in today's complex conflict environment. He contends that spanning the gap is vital in preventing moral injury from befalling the nation's uniformed servants. Drawing on a revised account of what he calls 'the Just War Continuum', Baker develops a bridging framework that combines conceptual clarity and rigour with insights from cutting edge psychological research and creates a practical means for military leaders to negotiate the moral chasm in military affairs.

26th special tactics squadron: Handbook of Military Psychology Stephen V. Bowles, Paul T. Bartone, 2017-12-05 This expert compendium surveys the current state of military psychology across the branches of service at the clinical, research, consulting, and organizational levels. Its practical focus examines psychological adjustment pre- and post-deployment, commonly-encountered conditions (e.g., substance abuse), and the promotion of well-being, sleep, mindfulness, and resilience training. Coverage pays particular attention to uses of psychology in selection and assessment of service personnel in specialized positions, and training concerns for clinicians and students choosing to work with the military community. Chapters also address topics of particular salience to a socially conscious military, including PTSD, sexual harassment and assault, women's and LGBT issues, suicide prevention, and professional ethics. Among the specific chapters topics

covered: · Military deployment psychology: psychologists in the forward environment. · Stress and resilience in married military couples. · Assessment and selection of high-risk operational personnel: processes, procedures, and underlying theoretical constructs. · Understanding and addressing sexual harassment and sexual assault in the US military. · Virtual reality applications for the assessment and treatment of PTSD. · Plus international perspectives on military psychology from China, Australia, India, and more. Grounding its readers in up-to-date research and practice, Military Psychology will assist health psychologists, clinical psychologists, psychiatrists, and clinical social workers in understanding and providing treatment for military populations, veterans, and their families, as well as military psychologists in leadership and consulting positions.

26th special tactics squadron: Aviation in the U.S. Army, 1919-1939 Maurer Maurer, 1987

26th special tactics squadron: Course of Action Lindsay McKenna, Merline Lovelace, 2015
When terrorists burst into a concert hall to kidnap beautiful opera singer Riley Fairchild and an Omani prince, Special Forces sergeant Pete Winborne claims to be Riley's husband so he will be kidnapped, too. Escaping the remote outpost with his heart intact is Pete's toughest mission yet.

26th special tactics squadron: Gradual failure : the air war over North Vietnam 1965-1966 Jacob Van Staaveren, 2002 Of the many facets of the American war in Southeast Asia debated by U.S. authorities in Washington, by the military services and the public, none has proved more controversial than the air war against North Vietnam. The air war's inauguration with the nickname Rolling Thunder followed an eleven-year American effort to induce communist North Vietnam to sign a peace treaty without openly attacking its territory. Thus, Rolling Thunder was a new military program in what had been a relatively low-key attempt by the United States to win the war within South Vietnam against insurgent communist Viet Cong forces, aided and abetted by the north. The present volume covers the first phase of the Rolling Thunder campaign from March 1965 to late 1966. It begins with a description of the planning and execution of two initial limited air strikes, nicknamed Flaming Dart I and II. The Flaming Dart strikes were carried out against North Vietnam in February 1965 as the precursors to a regular, albeit limited, Rolling Thunder air program launched the following month. Before proceeding with an account of Rolling Thunder, its roots are traced in the events that compelled the United States to adopt an anti-communist containment policy in Southeast Asia after the defeat of French forces by the communist Vietnamese in May 1954.

26th special tactics squadron: Lorenz on Leadership Stephen R Lorenzt, Air Force Research Institute, 2012-10-01

26th special tactics squadron: The Competitive Advantage Michael E Krivdo, Robert M Toguchi, 2019-05-23 Volume 8 of the Army University Large Scale Combat Operations series. The Competitive Advantage: Special Operations Forces in Large Scale Combat Operations presents twelve historical case studies of special operations forces from World War I through Operation Iraqi Freedom. This volume sheds light upon the emerging roles, missions, and unique capabilities that have forged a path for Army Special Operations Forces today. These case studies set Large Scale Combat Operations in the center and place ARSOF's role in the forefront. If a reader were to take one piece from this volume, it would be the clear understanding of the close synergy that occurs between the Conventional Force and SOF in Large Scale Combat Operations for major wars in the 20th and early 21st century. That synergy should provide a broad azimuth for military planners and practitioners to follow as the Army, SOF, and the Joint Force combine to preserve the peace, defend the Nation, and defeat any adversary.

26th special tactics squadron: US Army Order of Battle, 1919-1941: The services : air service, engineers, and special troops, 1919-41 Steven E. Clay, 2010

26th special tactics squadron: Medical Support of the Army Air Forces in World War II United States. Air Force Medical Service, Mae Mills Link, Hubert Anderson Coleman, 1955

26th special tactics squadron: Secretaries and chiefs of staff of the United States Air Force ,

26th special tactics squadron: Defending Air Bases in an Age of Insurgency Shannon Caudill, Air University Press, 2014-08 This anthology discusses the converging operational issues of air base defense and counterinsurgency. It explores the diverse challenges associated with

defending air assets and joint personnel in a counterinsurgency environment. The authors are primarily Air Force officers from security forces, intelligence, and the office of special investigations, but works are included from a US Air Force pilot and a Canadian air force officer. The authors examine lessons from Vietnam, Iraq, Afghanistan, and other conflicts as they relate to securing air bases and sustaining air operations in a high-threat counterinsurgency environment. The essays review the capabilities, doctrine, tactics, and training needed in base defense operations and recommend ways in which to build a strong, synchronized ground defense partnership with joint and combined forces. The authors offer recommendations on the development of combat leaders with the depth of knowledge, tactical and operational skill sets, and counterinsurgency mind set necessary to be effective in the modern asymmetric battlefield.

26th special tactics squadron: Rescue Mission Report United States. Joint Chiefs of Staff. Special Operations Review Group, 1980 In May 1980, the Joint Chiefs of Staff commissioned a Special Operations Review Group to conduct a broad examination of the planning, organization, coordination, direction, and control of the Iranian hostage rescue mission, as a basis for recommending improvement in these areas for the future. The Review Group consisted of six senior military officers three who had retired after distinguished careers, and three still on active duty. The broad military experience of the group gave it an appropriate perspective from which to conduct an appraisal. Details on the participants, the Terms of Reference they operated under, and their approach to the subject are contained in this document. The Review Group has made its final report to the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Copies have been forwarded to the Secretary of Defense, as have the related, early recommendations of the Joint Chiefs. A highly classified report also has been transmitted to appropriate committees in the Congress. Because it is important that as much detail as possible be made available to the American public, the Organization of the Joint Chiefs of Staff has conducted a declassification review to produce this version. The issues and findings have been retained in as close a form as possible to the original, classified version. In particular, the Executive Summary, Conclusions, and Recommendations remain virtually the same as in the original.

26th special tactics squadron: Rangers Michael Julius King, 1985 This Leavenworth Paper is a critical reconstruction of World War II Ranger operations conducted at or near Djebel el Ank, Tunisia; Porto Empedocle, Sicily; Cisterna, Italy; Zerf, Germany; and Cabanatuan in the Philippines. It is not intended to be a comprehensive account of World War II Ranger operations, for such a study would have to include numerous minor actions that are too poorly documented to be studied to advantage. It is, however, representative for it examines several types of operations conducted against the troops of three enemy nations in a variety of physical and tactical environments. As such, it draws a wide range of lessons useful to combat leaders who may have to conduct such operations or be on guard against them in the future. Many factors determined the outcomes of the operations featured in this Leavenworth Paper, and of these there are four that are important enough to merit special emphasis. These are surprise, the quality of opposing forces, the success of friendly forces with which the Rangers were cooperating, and popular support.

26th special tactics squadron: Det One John P. Piedmont, 2010 From the Foreword: The story of the Marine Corps U.S. Special Operations Command Detachment, which became known as Det One, is an extraordinary tale. On its face, the story would not rate a minute's glance. One small group of Marines, about a hundred in number, formed, trained, and went to war. This all happened as the nation was 18 months into the Global War on Terrorism and as the Marine Corps was deploying I Marine Expeditionary Force in Operation Iraqi Freedom. Yet the story behind the basic facts is not only far more intricate and fascinating, with dramatic episodes and intrepid characters from the Pentagon to Camp Pendleton, it portended great significance for the Marine Corps. What makes the Det One story extraordinary is the shift in Marine Corps policy that brought it about, the maturation of the special operations capabilities of forward-deployed Marine expeditionary units that made it possible, and the patriotism, valor, fidelity, and abilities of the Marines and Navy Corpsmen who manned it. Although Det One has passed now into the history books, its legacy survives in the formation of Marine Corps Special Operations Command and in the lessons learned

and experiences of its members, who now continue to serve in dozens of units. Lieutenant Colonel John P. Piedmont Marine Field Historian in Iraq in April 2004, saw the historical significance of Det One and decided to pursue its history as a project. Under the director of the History and Museums Division at the time, Colonel John W. Ripley, he was given permission to proceed with his collections with a view toward turning them into a monograph. What follows here is the culmination of his efforts, the product of two years' work, more than 60 interviews done in Iraq, Washington, D.C., Virginia, and California, and the collection of hundreds of documents.--Dr. Charles P. Neimeyer.

26th special tactics squadron: All Roads Lead to Baghdad Charles Harry Briscoe, 2006 By Charles H. Briscoe, et al. Tells the story of Iraqi Freedom, the second Army Special Operations (ASO) campaign in America's Global War on Terrorism. Shows how the ASO supported a US-led conventional air and ground offensive to collapse the regime of Saddam Hussein and capture Baghdad. Includes bibliographical references.

26th special tactics squadron: Cross Channel Attack Gordon A. Harrison, 1993-12 Discusses the Allied invasion of Normandy, with extensive details about the planning stage, called Operation Overlord, as well as the fighting on Utah and Omaha Beaches.

26th special tactics squadron: Deep Maneuver Jack D Kern Editor, Jack Kern, 2018-10-12 Volume 5, Deep Maneuver: Historical Case Studies of Maneuver in Large-Scale Combat Operations, presents eleven case studies from World War II through Operation Iraqi Freedom focusing on deep maneuver in terms of time, space and purpose. Deep operations require boldness and audacity, and yet carry an element of risk of overextension - especially in light of the independent factors of geography and weather that are ever-present. As a result, the case studies address not only successes, but also failure and shortfalls that result when conducting deep operations. The final two chapters address these considerations for future Deep Maneuver.

26th special tactics squadron: Linebacker II James R. McCarthy, George B. Allison, 1979

26th special tactics squadron: The US Air Service in World War 1 Maurer Maurer, 1978

26th special tactics squadron: So Many, So Much, So Far, So Fast James K. Matthews, 1996

26th special tactics squadron: Top Secret America Dana Priest, William M. Arkin, 2011-09-06 The top-secret world that the government created in response to the 9/11 terrorist attacks has become so enormous, so unwieldy, and so secretive that no one knows how much money it costs, how many people it employs or exactly how many agencies duplicate work being done elsewhere. The result is that the system put in place to keep the United States safe may be putting us in greater danger. In *Top Secret America*, award-winning reporters Dana Priest and William Arkin uncover the enormous size, shape, mission, and consequences of this invisible universe of over 1,300 government facilities in every state in America; nearly 2,000 outside companies used as contractors; and more than 850,000 people granted Top Secret security clearance. A landmark exposé of a new, secret Fourth Branch of American government, *Top Secret America* is a tour de force of investigative reporting-and a book sure to spark national and international alarm.

26th special tactics squadron: The Armed Forces Officer Richard Moody Swain, Albert C. Pierce, 2017 In 1950, when he commissioned the first edition of *The Armed Forces Officer*, Secretary of Defense George C. Marshall told its author, S.L.A. Marshall, that American military officers, of whatever service, should share common ground ethically and morally. In this new edition, the authors methodically explore that common ground, reflecting on the basics of the Profession of Arms, and the officer's special place and distinctive obligations within that profession and especially to the Constitution.

26th special tactics squadron: Quantico Charles A. Fleming, Charles A. Braley, Robin L. Austin, 1978

26th special tactics squadron: CCT-The Eye of the Storm Gene Adcock, 2012-10-24 Volume II is 438 pages in length and contains interviews, anecdotes and descriptions of missions by Air Force Combat Controllers. GWOT stands for Global War on Terrorism.

26th special tactics squadron: On a Steel Horse I Ride Darrel D. Whitcomb, 2012

26th special tactics squadron: *Terrorism Worldwide, 2018* Edward Mickolus, 2019-03-07 This comprehensive worldwide study catalogs terrorist attacks in 2018, during which the Islamic State continued its decline from a quasi-government commanding territory the size of the United Kingdom to a more traditional terrorist network controlling just 1000 square miles. Yet IS still boasts 30,000 adherents in Syria and Iraq, with many others awaiting plans for attacks in their home nations. Organized by region and country, this volume covers domestic and international incidents around the world, outlining significant trends. The author offers several indicators of what to watch in the coming years. The single-year format allows readers access to the most up-to-date information on terrorism, while geographic focus more easily facilitates regional comparison.

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